Sample Test 1

1 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. A ..... helps people who are poor or don't have a home.
   a. countryside b. charity c. nature d. school
2. A terrible event, such as an earthquake, is a / an ..... .
   a. plan b. project c. disaster d. activity
3. A/An ..... is someone who works for no money.
   a. volunteer b. engineer c. teacher d. patient
4. The Ancient Egyptian doctors ..... down their ideas.
   a. put b. made c. wrote d. took
5. A ..... knows how to look inside the body to help people who are ill.
   a. surgeon b. teacher c. dentist d. nurse
6. A ..... teaches people how to play or improve a sport.
   a. doctor b. scientist c. sports coach d. surgeon
7. Do you know the ..... between "know" and "no" ?
   a. number b. difference c. idea d. education
8. My father got a job 15 years ..... .
   a. since b. then c. for d. ago
9. They moved to a bigger flat a year later ..... I was born.
   a. while b. ago c. when d. from
10. My grandfather used to ..... football when he was young.
    a. plays b. play c. played d. playing

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word (s) in brackets :

1. My uncle used ..... (be) a firefighter, but now he is a police officer.
2. Dina ..... (not use) give money to a charity, but now she does.
3. Did you ..... (saw) the film last week ?
4. He ..... (meet) aunt Reem when he was 20.

Sample Test 2

1 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. You can watch sports matches at the ..... .
   a. school b. theatre c. stadium d. cinema
2. Muslims pray at ..... .
   a. cinemas b. stadiums c. mosques d. churches
3. You can find a lot of ..... at museums.
   a. statues b. fruits c. vegetables d. plays
4. ..... are buildings which are not complete.
   a. Pots b. Ruins c. Towers d. Statues
5. This chemical helps to ..... away mosquitos.
   a. put b. give c. keep d. run
6. Bees and ants are important ..... .
   a. animals b. plants c. birds d. insects
7. Ali's uncle works for a big oil ..... in the UAE.
   a. work b. company c. job d. office
8. When we sat down for a picnic, lots of runners ..... through the park.
   a. ran b. runs c. were running d. run
9. I was doing my homework when my sister ..... me.
   a. call b. called c. calling d. was calling
10. You mustn't ..... or eat in the library.
    a. was drinking b. drinks c. drank d. drink

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets :

1. You ..... (must) run in a museum.
2. Must you ..... (buying) a ticket or use a guide ?
3. As Karim ..... (take) photos of the animals, he lost his phone.
4. While Mona was playing tennis, she ..... (hurts) her arm.

Answers of Sample Test 1

1 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. charity	2. disaster	3. volunteer	4. wrote
5. surgeon	6. sports coach	7. difference	8. ago
9. from	10. play		

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word (s) in brackets :

1. to be	2. didn't use to
3. see	4. met

Answers of Sample Test 2

1 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. stadium	2. mosques	3. statues	4. Ruins
5. keep	6. insects	7. company	8. were running
9. called	10. drink		

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word (s) in brackets :

1. mustn't	2. buy
3. was taking	4. hurt

Model (1)

٢٠ درجة

1 Complete the following dialogue:

5

Fadi and Nadi are talking about street cleaners.

Fadi : What do you think of street cleaners?

Nadi : (1)..... .

Fadi : (2).....?

Nadi : I mean by "heroes" that they do something useful.

Fadi : Why do you think so?

Nadi : (3)..... .

Fadi : (4).....?

Nadi : We should encourage them and give them more money.

Fadi : But I think money is not enough.

Nadi : (5)..... .

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

10

1. Pots and bowls were made of the ..... from the River Nile by the Ancient Egyptians.
   a) plastic b) gold
   c) wood d) clay
2. The ..... pumps blood around the body.
   a) liver b) lung
   c) heart d) brain
3. Rubbish and polluted areas cause ..... and diseases for people.
   a) protection b) infection
   c) happiness d) beauty
4. Last winter, we went to Luxor and visited its beautiful ..... .
   a) temples b) houses
   c) seas d) roads

5. Magdy Yacoub is one of the greatest heart ..... in the world.

a) engineers b) architects

c) surgeons d) artists

6. He is under twenty years old. He is a/an ..... player.

a) senior b) elder

c) junior d) old

7. The Grand Egyptian ..... will attract a lot of tourists from all over the world.

a) Temple b) Museum

c) Castle d) Statue

8. Dina ..... give money to a charity, but now she does.

a) used b) didn't use

c) used to d) didn't use to

9. While we ..... home, Abbas phoned me.

a) were travelling b) travelling

c) travelled d) travel

10. You ..... eat or talk at the library.

a) must b) mustn't

c) have to d) haven't

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

5

1. I ..... (send) my friend an email yesterday.
2. I ..... (played) football when it rained.
3. In Ancient Egypt, poor children ..... (not/use to) go to school.
4. You ..... (must) eat inside the castle.
5. ..... (Does) your uncle use to live in Cairo?

Model (2)

٢٠ درجة

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 10

1. A ..... is someone who works for no money to help people.
   a) baker b) teacher c) volunteer d) nurse
2. An earthquake is a natural ..... that causes lots of terrible things.
   a) example b) opinion c) view d) disaster
3. In 2016, a shark ..... Omar and he lost a leg.
   a) took b) cleaned c) attacked d) did
4. This football has no air inside. I need a ..... to fill it.
   a) pump b) cut c) burn d) plant
5. There is an important football game at the ..... .
   a) museum b) mosque c) castle d) stadium
6. The nurse is a ..... . She saved a lot of people.
   a) hero b) driver c) manager d) servant
7. Lungs take in air and help us to ..... .
   a) breeze b) breath c) breathe d) freeze
8. Did he use to ..... French?
   a) study b) studied c) studying d) studies
9. While I ..... out rubbish, my father came.
   a) take b) took c) was taking d) taking
10. You ..... climb on the wall. It's dangerous.
    a) mustn't b) must c) should d) can

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets: 4

1. I ..... (not/use) to like fish when I was young.
2. You mustn't ..... (using) a mobile phone in class.
3. While we were walking into the museum, we ..... (see) some huge statues.
4. Did Noha ..... (went) home?

3 Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on: 6

"Someone you are admire"

.....

.....

.....

Model (3)

١٥ درجة

1 Complete the following dialogue:

5

Ayman is doing a school project.

Samy : What are you doing?

Ayman : (1)..... .

Samy : Do you know a lot about your family history?

Ayman : (2)..... .

Samy : (3).....?

Ayman : My grandfather used to live in the countryside.

Samy : (4).....?

Ayman : He was a charity worker at the Red Crescent.

Samy : I think he was a good and helpful man.

Ayman : (5)..... .

2 Read the following, then answer the questions:

6

We should all be proud of Dr Magdy Yacoub. He was born in 1935 in Bilbeis, but his family travelled to many places as his father was a well known, clever doctor. Magdy also became a doctor like him. Before he stopped working in 2001, he worked in a special hospital in London. At this hospital, Magdy helped people to have new hearts for the first time in history. Before the 1980s, people who suffer from heart problems often used to die. All heart surgeries cost huge amounts of money and need clever doctors to be performed. In 2009, Magdy Yacoub built a charity hospital in Aswan for heart diseases especially for children. In the past, children with heart problems used to die after a short period of time, but now many sick children can live healthy lives.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. What is the best title for the passage?

.....

2. How did Dr Magdy help people in London?

.....

3. Why do you think Dr Magdy Yacoub build the charity hospital?

.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The underlined "him" refers to ..... .

a) Magdy Yacoub
b) Magdy Yacoub's father
c) Magdy Yacoub's family
d) Magdy Yacoub's grandfather

5. The underlined word "suffer" means ..... .

a) hear
b) have the courage
c) have sickness
d) feel

6. Since 2009, most of Magdy Yacoub's work has been in ..... .

a) England
b) Aswan
c) Bilbeis
d) Cairo

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

4

1. Last year, I ..... (go) to Cairo and visited a fantastic museum.
2. You mustn't. ..... (smoking) inside the school building.
3. When my mum ..... (be) a child, she used to play the piano every day.
4. My grandfather ..... (not/use) have a car.

Model (1) Answers

1 Complete the following dialogue:

1. I think they are heroes.
2. What do you mean by "heroes"?
3. Because they make our streets clean.
4. How should we encourage them?
5. I know it is not enough, but something is better than nothing.

2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. **d)** clay
2. **c)** heart
3. **b)** infection
4. **a)** temples
5. **c)** surgeons
6. **c)** junior
7. **b)** museum
8. **d)** didn't use to
9. **a)** were travelling
10. **b)** mustn't

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. sent
2. was playing
3. didn't use to
4. mustn't
5. Did

ONLANWA Gem

Model (2) Answers

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. **c)** volunteer
2. **d)** disaster
3. **c)** attacked
4. **a)** pump
5. **d)** stadium
6. **a)** hero
7. **c)** breathe
8. **a)** study
9. **c)** was taking
10. **a)** mustn't

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. didn't use to
2. use
3. saw
4. go

3 Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

"Someone you are admire"

The person I admire is my grandfather. He was born in 1940. He worked as a doctor. He worked in a big hospital. All people there liked him because he was kind and helpful. I admire him because he did voluntary work and helped people for no money. I like him because he gave me many presents and helped me a lot. He used to help the poor and give them money. He always advised me to help people all the times. When he died last year, people were all sad. He left all his money for poor people and asked us to build a hospital for them. I'm really proud of him.

Model (3) Answers

1 Complete the following dialogue:

1. I'm doing a school project.
2. Yes, sure.
3. Where did your grandfather use to live?
4. What did he use to do when he was young?
5. Sure. I agree with you.

2 Read the following, then answer the questions:

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Dr Magdy Yacoub.
2. He helped people to have new hearts for the first time in history.
3. In 2009, Magdy Yacoub built a charity hospital in Aswan for heart diseases especially for children.

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. **b)** Magdy Yacoub's father
5. **c)** have sickness
6. **b)** Aswan

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. went
2. smoke
3. was
4. didn't use to

Unit (3)

Great Jobs



SB pages 22 - 31 WB pages 86 - 92

Objectives

Reading
An article about the Egyptian handball team, a text about Ancient Egyptian doctors, a text about heroes

Writing
A paragraph about your partner's past, a text about your hero

Listening
Description of different heroes, a talk about a family history, a discussion about what makes a hero

Speaking
Talking about heroes, discussing your family history, saying what you are proud of, checking you understand

Language
used to

Life Skills
Collaboration , communication

Values
Work values, love and respect for homeland and the family

Issues
Citizenship, loyalty and belonging, National unity

Lessons (1&2)

Key vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
female (n)	أنثى	win (v)	يفوز
hero (n)	بطل	handball (n)	كرة اليد
patron (n)	راعي / كفيل / ممول	competition (n)	مسابقة
senior (n) (adj)	كبير	university (n)	جامعة
junior (n) (adj)	ناشيء	princess (n)	أميرة
surgeon (n)	جراح	sports coach (n)	مدرب رياضي
scientist (n)	عالم	final (n)	نهائي
heart (n)	قلب	nuclear (adj)	نووي

vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
shark (n)	سمكة القرش	money (n)	نقود
attack (v)	يهاجم	land (n) (v)	أرض / يهبط
successful (adj)	ناجح	flat (n)	شقة
similar (adj)	مشابه	later (adj) (adv)	فيما بعد
problem (n)	مشكلة	Egyptian (n)	مصري
treatment (n)	علاج	team (n)	فريق
medicine (n)	دواء	Africa Cup (n)	كأس أفريقيا
charity (n)	مؤسسة خيرية	Tunisia (n)	تونس
Khedive (n)	خديوي	against (prep)	ضد
national (adj)	قومي	World Cup (n)	كأس العالم
hope (v)	يأمل / يتمنى	Germany (n)	ألمانيا
important (adj)	هام	lose (v)	يخسر
proud of (adj)	فخور بـ	look inside (v)	يفحص
score (v)	يحرز	admire (v)	يعجب بـ

Definitions أهم التعريفات

female	انثى	a woman or girl
hero	بطل	a man who is admired for doing something brave والمؤنث منها heroine بطلة
patron	راعي / كفيل	someone who supports people or an organization
senior	الكبار	having a higher position, level مستوي / مكانة أعلى
junior	الناشئين	a young person who takes part يشارك في in sport
surgeon	جراح	a doctor who does operations in a hospital
win	يفوز	to be the most successful in a competition, game
handball	كرة اليد	a game in which players throw a ball with their hand
competition	مسابقة	a situation in which people try to be more successful
scientist	عالم	someone who works or is trained in science
princess	أميرة	a king's daughter or the wife of a prince

Words and expressions تعبيرات

was born in	ولد في	is called	يسمى
lost a leg	فقد رجلة	got a job	حصل على وظيفة
want to be	يريد أن يكون	from 2005 to 2006	من ٢٠٠٥ حتى ٢٠٠٦
with similar problems	له مشاكل مشابهه	a year later	بعد سنة
at Cairo University	في جامعة القاهرة	won the final against	فاز بالنهائي ضد
Egypt's first female	أول امرأة مصرية	play in a final	يلعب في النهائي
important heart surgeon	جراح قلب مهم	lose the final against	يخسر النهائي ضد
people with heart problems	ناس لديها مشاكل في القلب	Let's hope	دعونا نأمل
for many years	لعدة سنوات	very good at	جيد جدا في
the daughter of	ابنة	play for	يلعب لـــ
became a patron	أصبح راع / كفيل	came (be) second	جاء في المركز الثاني

Confusing words كلمات محيرة

hero	بطل	heroine	بطلة
heart	قلب	hurt	يؤذي
prince	أمير	princess	أميرة
national	قومي	international	دولي
called	يسمى	cold	بارد
Africa	قارة أفريقيا	African	أفريقي

Words and opposites كلمات وعكسها

win	يفوز	lose	يخسر / يفقد
important	هام	unimportant	غير مهم
female	أنثى	male	ذكر
start	يبدأ	finish	ينتهي
the best	الأفضل	the worst	الأسوء
junior	ناشيء	senior	كبير

Irregular verbs أفعال شاذة

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
win	won	won	يفوز
lose	lost	lost	يخسر
show	showed	shown	يعرض
become	became	become	يصبح
give	gave	given	يعطي
get	got	got	يحصل على
leave	left	left	يغادر

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية

1. lose يفقد شيء أو يخسر مباراة / **win** يفوز بمباراة او جائزة او مسابقة

- He lost the final against his friend.
- The man lost his leg when the shark attacked him.
- He won the competition and came first.

2. stop + مفعول + v + ing يمنع من أو يوقف عن

- His accident didn't stop him wanting to be successful.

3. with heart problems لدية مشاكل في القلب = **who suffer from**

- He helped people with heart problem.
- He helped people who suffer from heart problems.

4. later فيما بعد / latter الأخير

- I'll see you later.
- I wrote two emails, the latter was to my friend.

5. hero بطل (للمذكر) / heroine بطلة (للمؤنث)

- His father was a war hero.
- Sameera Moussa was my heroine.

6. (be) the first ....to + مصدر

- He was the first Egyptian to win the prize.

7. Let's + مصدر = How (What) about + V + ing...?

- Let's watch the film.
- How about watching the film?

8. When فاعل was / were....., فاعل + ماضي بسيط

- When Ali was young, he visited Aswan.
- When they were eight, they played in a junior competition.

Test yourself on Notes

1. Sameera Moussa was the first Egyptian female.....as a nuclear scientist.
a. worked b. works c. to working d. to work
2. How about.....a new mobile for her?
a. buy b. buying c. bought d. to buy
3. When Atef was in Alexandria, he always.....in the sea.
a. swims b. swim c. swam d. swimming
4. His father stopped him.....up late.
a. staying b. stays c. stayed d. stay
5. He helps people with heart problems. " with" means.....from.
a. suffer b. play c. win d. admire



Reading



Egyptian heroes

The Egyptian handball team are heroes! They won the handball Africa Cup of Nations in Tunisia in 2020. They won the final against Tunisia 27-23. That means they are the best team in Africa.

This is not the first time Egypt's handball team played in a final. In 2019, the junior team won the under - 19 World Cup Final 32 - 28 against Germany. They were the first team from Africa to win it. In 2018, the senior team were also in the final of the Africa Cup of Nations, but lost the final against Tunisia.

Now, lots of people in Egypt love the sport. Let's hope the Egyptian team can win competitions again!



Listening

(1) **Photo one** shows Omar Abd-el-Kader. He was born in 1994. When Omar was 22, a shark attacked him and he lost a leg, but this did not stop him wanting to be successful. Now he helps other people with similar problems and he is an important sports coach.

(2) **Photo two** shows Sameera Moussa. Sameera was born in 1917and studied science at Cairo University. She was Egypt's first female nuclear scientist and wanted to use nuclear treatments in medicine. She died in 1952

(3) **Photo three** shows Magdy Yacoub. He was born in Cairo in 1935. He went to Cairo University and became an important heart surgeon. He then helped people with heart problems for many years. He stopped most of his work a long time ago, but in 2006, he started a charity to help children with heart problems.

(4) **Photo four** shows Princess Fatma Ismail. The princess was the daughter of Khedive Ismail and she was born in 1853. She became a patron of Egypt's first national university after she gave a lot of money and land to help it to open in 1908. From 1908 to 1940, people called it the Egyptian University, but it is now called Cairo University.

Exercises on vocabulary

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Magdy Yacoub was born in .....
a. 1935 b. 1953 c. 1900 d. 1800
2. He studied medicine at.....University.
a. Tanta b. Cairo c. Luxor d. Aswan
3. He is a famous heart.....
a. dentist b. oculist c. surgeon d. farmer
4. He helps children with.....problems.
a. hear b. heart c. eye d. lung

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

Key vocabulary

1. A.....means a woman or girl.
a. male b. female c. senior d. junior
2. A.....is a man who did something brave.
a. hero b. heroine c. thief d. robber
3. A.....helps people or organization by giving them money.
a. seller b. patron c. oculist d. uniform
4. Magdy Yacoub is a famous.....who did many operations.
a. dentist b. surgeon c. pilot d. princess
5. Sameera Moussa is a nuclear.....
a. scientist b. dancer c. nurse d. seller
6. Fatima Ismail was a great.....who was the daughter of Khedive Ismail.
a. princess b. scientist c. surgeon d. farmer
7. .....is a sport played by using hands.
a. Football b. handball c. fishing d. flying
8. Scientists try to find.....for diseases.
a. treatments b. illness c. fights d. tents
9. You can win at handball by scoring the most.....
a. points b. goals c. tables d. pills
10. Read Madrid lost the final.....Liverpool.
a. on b. against c. again d. off
11. Only.....countries can take part in Africa Cup of Nations.
a. European b. African c. Italian d. Asian
12. A hero does.....things.
a. easy b. brave c. silly d. boring

SB & WB exercises

13. A sports..... teaches people how to play or improve in a sport.
a. match b. catch c. coach d. beach
14. A.....knows how to look inside the body to help people who are ill.
a. surgeon b. baker c. thief d. pilot
15. A.....does experiments to study and find out about how things work.
a. patron b. sailor c. scientist d. oculist
16. A. ..... gives money to people or places.
a. beggar b. robber c. patron d. killer

Words & expressions

17. Sameera Moussa was Egypt's.....female nuclear scientist.
a. first b. the first c. the last d. the best
18. He helped children.....heart problems.
a. with b. off c. over d. on
19. He worked as a surgeon.....many years.
a. on b. since c. off d. for
20. He.....a leg in the war.
a. missed b. lost c. bought d. sold

Language

Past simple الماضي البسيط

١ – الماضي البسيط يتكون من التصريف الثاني للفعل أي المصدر مضاف ايه (d/ed/ied)

- اذا انتهي الفعل بـ (e) نضع (d)
- اذا انتهي الفعل بـ (y) قبلها حرف ساكن نحذفها ونضع (ied)
- الأفعال المنتهية بـ (ch / sh / x) نضع (ed)

- She arrived late yesterday.
- They studied English last week.
- He watched TV yesterday.

ويوجد أفعال شاذة مثل

cut	cut	يقطع
put	put	يضع
write	wrote	يكتب
buy	bought	يشتري
sell	sold	يبيع

ملاحظه هامة

يكون شكل (verb to be) في الماضي كالاتي

I / He / She / It / اسم مفرد ..... was / wasn't

We / You / they / اسم جمع .....were / weren't

- She was ready for the exam.
- They were at home 2 hours ago.

٢ – يتم نفي الماضي البسيط باستخدام (didn't + inf) المصدر بدون اضافات

1. He visited Aswan last year.
- He didn't visit Aswan last year.
2. They sent the letter to Ali.
- They didn't send the letter to Ali.

٣ – في حالة تكوين السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد بمعنى (هل)

وتكون الأجابة بـــ (No,..... / Yes,...) يكون الشكل كالأتي

Did + فاعل + مصدر .....?

1. Did he visit the museum yesterday?
- Yes, he did. / No, he didn't.
- Yes, he visited the museum yesterday.
- No, he didn't visit the museum yesterday.

2. Did she write her homework?
- Yes, she did. / No, she didn't.
- Yes, she wrote her homework.
- No, she didn't write her homework.

٤ – في حالة السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام

أداة استفهام + did + فاعل + مصدر .....?

1. Where did you live?
- I lived in Aswan.
2. How did they go to school?
- They went to school on foot.
3. Why was he sad?
- He was sad because he lost his mobile.

٣ – يستخدم الماضي البسيط مع الكلمات الآتية ليدل على شيء حدث في الماضي

ago – last – yesterday – once – in the past – in + سنة ماضية

When I was young … / from سنة ماضية to سنة ماضية

- He moved to a new house last week.
- He was born in 2010.
- When I was young, I visited Aswan.

لاحظ الجملة الآتية جيدا

- When I was in Alexandria, I always swam in the sea.
- When he was young, he sometimes played football.

Exercises on Language

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. They .....to the museum last month.

a. go b. will go c. goes d. went

2. When.....Basant's birthday?

a. do b. did c. was d. does

3. She.....TV an hour ago.

a. watched b. watch c. are watching d. will watch

4. I went.....yesterday.

a. swim b. swam c. swims d. swimming

5. What did Abdo.....when he arrived?

a. did b. doing c. does d. do

6. How did they.....when they saw the lion yesterday?

a. feel b. felt c. feels d. feeling

7. I wrote the e-mail.....

a. now b. last week c. tomorrow d. next

8. He .....born in 2010.

a. was b. are c. did d. do

9. When I was young, I always.....football.

a. play b. plays c. playing d. played

10. .....ready for the exam last week?

a. Did b. Were c. Do d. Are

11. How did you go to school? – I .....by car.

a. go b. going c. will go d. went

12. No, he didn't.....Aswan last year.
a. visit b. visited c. go d. went
13. When did you have your last math lesson? – We .....it at 2 o'clock.
a. had b. have c. will have d. has
14. The ship sank because there..... a terrible storm.
a. are b. is c. was d. were
15. How.....your holiday?
a. did b. does c. was d. do

WB choice

16. In 1999, he.....the number one chess player in the city.
a. becomes b. became c. becoming d. will become
17. They.....married last year.
a. got b. were c. was d. A & B
18. He.....a junior chess competition when he was only 12.
a. wins b. will when c. won d. winning
19. She.....playing when she was very little.
a. started b. starts c. start d. starting
20. My uncle .....born in 1960.
a. be b. are c. were d. was

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Yesterday, we .....(will go) bowling.
2. I listened to music and .....(write) an email.
3. .....(Did) you ready for the last exam?
4. He didn't .....(helped) me with my homework.
5. When he was young, he sometimes .....(watches) TV.
6. I .....(ride) on the big wheel two hours ago.

Lessons (3&4)

Key vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
charity (n)	مؤسسة خيرية	volunteer (n) (v)	متطوع
cuts (n)	جروح	emergency (n)	طواريء
infection (n)	عدوى	lungs (n)	الرئتين
countryside (n)	الريف	brain (n)	المخ
natural (adj)	طبيعي	heart (n)	القلب
disaster (n)	كارثة	proud (adj)	فخور
blood (n)	الدم	pump (v)	يضخ
earthquake (n)	زلزال	bones (n)	عظام

vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
history (n)	تاريخ	special (adj)	خاص / مميز
project (n)	مشروع	ill (adj)	مريض
research (n)	بحث	ancient (adj)	قديم
the Red Crescent (n)	الهلال الأحمر	patients (n)	المرضى
health (n)	الصحه	write down (v)	يدون
scary (adj)	مخيف	ideas (n)	أفكار
money (n)	مال	around (adv)	حول
hurricane (n)	إعصار	air (n)	الهواء
chance (n)	فرصة	broken (adj)	مكسور
race (n)	سباق	sew (v)	يخيط
plants (n)	نباتات	sons (n)	أبناء
burn (v)	يحرق	jewellery (n)	مجوهرات
daughter (n)	ابنة	however (conjunction)	مع ذلك
stomach (n)	المعدة	pieces (n)	قطع / أجزاء

Definitions أهم التعريفات

charity	مؤسسة خيرية	an organization مؤسسة that gives money or help to people who are poor or sick
cuts	جروح	an injury اصابة made by something sharp
infection	عدوى	a disease caused by bacteria or a virus
countryside	الريف	land that is outside cities and towns
natural	طبيعي	not caused, made, or controlled by people
disaster	كارثة	a sudden مفاجيء event such as a flood, storm, or accident which causes great damage دمار
volunteer	متطوع	someone who does a job without being paid
emergency	طواريء	an unexpected غير متوقع and dangerous situation
lungs	الرئتين	one of the two organs عضو جسم in your body that you breathe with
brain	المخ	the organ inside your head that controls everything
heart	القلب	the organ which pumps blood around the body
proud	فخور	feeling pleased about something or someone
pump	يضخ	to make liquid سائل or gas move

Words and expressions تعبيرات

know much about	يعرف كثيرا عن	used to + مصدر	اعتاد ان
do a project / research	يقوم ببحث / مشروع	stop working	يتوقف عن العمل
find out	يكتشف	give new hearts	يعطي قلوب جديدة
work for a charity	يعمل في مؤسسة خيرية	for the first time	لأول مره
work as a / an + وظيفة	يعمل كـ	with heart problems	لدية مشاكل قلبية
look after people	يعتنى بالناس	live healthy lives	يعيش حياة صحية
feel proud of	يشعر بالفخر	write down ideas	يدون الأفكار
pump to lungs	يضخ للرئتين	pump blood around	يضخ الدم حول
how important it is	كم هو مهم	stop infection	يمنع العدوي
make medicine	يصنع دواء	mend broken legs	يصلح الاقدام المكسورة
was different to	كانت مختلفه عن	sew cuts	يخيط الجروح
enjoy playing	يستمتع باللعب	such as	مثل

Confusing words كلمات محيرة

scary	مخيف	scared	خائف / مرعوب
proud	فخور	pride	الفخر
live	يعيش	life	الحياة
plant	نبات / يزرع	planet	كوكب
mend	يصلح	mind	يمانع
son	ابن	sun	الشمس

Words and opposites كلمات وعكسها

ancient	قديم	modern	حديث
different	مختلف	the same	نفس
die	يموت	live	يعيش
interesting	شيق	boring	ممل
healthy	صحي	unhealthy	غير صحي
much	كثير (للكمية)	little	قليل (للكمية)
give	يعطي	take	يأخذ

Irregular verbs أفعال شاذة

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
find	found	found	يجد
have	had	had	لديه او يتناول
feel	felt	felt	يشعر
bear	bore	born	يلد
give	gave	given	يعطي
think	thought	thought	يفكر / يعتقد
sew	sewed	sewed / sewn	يخيط

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية

1. history التاريخ / historic تاريخي / historian مؤرخ

- My favourite subject is history.
- We visited many historic sites.
- A historian writes about history and events.

2. country بلد / دولة **/ the country** الريف

- Egypt is a great country in Africa.
- I enjoy living in the country.

3. health صحه / متعلق بالصحه **/ healthy** صحي / سليم

- Doctors are useful when there is a health emergency.
- We should eat healthy food.

4. proud of فخور بـ **/ take pride in** يفخر بـ

- I am proud of my father.
- We take pride in Egypt.

5. stop + v + ing يتوقف عن فعل الشيء **/ stop + to +** مصدر

- He stopped smoking because it is bad.
- He was thirsty, so he stopped to drink some water.

6. special خاص / مميز **/ private** ملك شخص او عائلة **/ public** عام

- He worked as a surgeon in a special hospital.
- We have a house with a private garden.

7. make medicine يصنع دواء **/ take medicine** يأخذ دواء **/ give medicine** يعطي دواء

- They made medicine from animal eyes.
- The patient took medicine and became well.
- The doctor gave her some medicine.

٨ - بعض الكلمات في اللغة الانجليزية تعامل معاملة المفرد وهي أسماء لا تعد مثل (money / furniture / jewellery)

- Her jewellery is beautiful.
- The money I had was not enough.

Test yourself on Notes

1. We have some.....problems.
a. healthy b. health c. wealthy d. rich
2. The doctor.....me some medicine and asked me to have some rest.
a. make b. gave c. took d. eat
3. Our furniture.....new.
a. is b. are c. were d. have
4. Nurses wear a .....uniform.
a. special b. public c. old d. interesting
5. I am.....of my family.
a. pride b. bride c. proud d. ride

Reading

Ancient Egyptian doctors

We know how Ancient Egyptian doctors helped their patients because they wrote down their ideas thousands of years ago.

The body

Ancient Egyptians doctors understood that the heart pumps blood around the body. However, they used to think that the heart also pumped air to our lungs! They were also the first people to understand some of the things the brain does, but they did not know how important it was.

Ways to help

Doctors used to use plants to help people with burns and to stop infections. We still use some of these plants today. They also knew how to mend broken bones and sew cuts, but they didn't use to know everything. For example, they used to make medicine from animal eyes. They used to think that an animal's eye helped people who could not see!

Reading (2)

Life in Ancient Egypt

Life in Ancient Egypt was different to today. Poor children didn't use to go to school, but children from rich families used to start school when they were about seven. When they were at home, children used to enjoy playing games. When older parents died, they used to leave their houses to the sons. However, they used to leave things inside the house, such as jewellery and furniture, to the daughters.

Dr Magdy Yacoub

We should all be proud of Magdy Yacoub. He was born in 1935 in Bilbeis, but the family used to travel to many places because his father was an important doctor. Magdy also became a doctor. Before he stopped working in 2001, he used to work in a special hospital in London. At this hospital, Magdy used to help to give people new hearts for the first time. Before the 1980s, people with heart problems often died. In 2009, Magdy Yacoub started a charity for ill children in Aswan. Very ill children didn't use to live long lives, but many ill children can now live healthy lives.



Yasser	I didn't use to know very much about my family history. Then, last week, I did a school project about someone in my family so I did some research and I found out some really interesting things about my great grandfather. I knew he used to be a doctor but I didn't know he worked for a charity! My great grandfather used to live in the countryside and he worked as a volunteer doctor for the Red Crescent when there was a natural disaster or a health emergency. For example, when there was an earthquake, my great grandfather went to help. The work was difficult and sometimes scary. He also used to look after people who didn't have much money. I feel very proud of him



1. Complete the following dialogue:

Nabil is looking for information about Dr Magdy Yacoub.

Atef	What are you doing?
Nabil	(1).....
Atef	Fine, I can help you.
Nabil	(2).....?
Atef	He was born in 1935.
Nabil	(3).....?
Atef	He used to work in London.
Nabil	How did he help ill children?
Atef	(4).....
Nabil	(5).....

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

Key vocabulary

1. A.....is an organization that helps people who are needy.
a. charity b. uniform c. gang d. pond
2. A.....works for no money.
a. volunteer b. thief c. professional d. amateur
3. Your.....tell the body what to do.
a. plane b. blood c. plate d. brain
4. The heart.....blood around the body.
a. jumps b. breathes c. pumps d. hates
5. He had a.....because he used a sharp knife.
a. dream b. shoot c. cut d. price
6. An .....is caused by viruses.
a. Happiness b. Infection c. prize d. disease

7. Life in the.....is quiet and not crowded.
a. city b. village c. countryside d. B & C
8. Floods and earthquakes are natural.....
a. masters b. forests c. disasters d. plasters
9. He can't breathe well, he has problems with his.....
a. lungs b. eyes c. ears d. muscles
10. She wears beautiful.....around her neck.
a. furniture b. chairs c. jewellery d. necklace

SB & WB exercises

11. A terrible event, such as an earthquake, is a/ an.....
a. natural disaster b. exam c. party d. match
12. The..... is the area outside a city, where there are farms and lots of nature.
a. countryside b. town c. city d. desert
13. A/An..... helps people who are poor, sick or don't have a home.
a. thief b. robber c. gang d. charity
14. A A/An..... is someone who works for no money to help people.
a. pioneer b. astronaut c. volunteer d. manager
15.If you are..... of someone, you feel pleased with them because they have done something very good.
a. angry b. worried c. hungry d. proud
16. A/An.....is something serious or dangerous that you need to do something about.
a. emergency b. prize c. marriage d. walking

Words & expressions

17. The old man was....., the boys were scared of him.
a. scary b. scared c. funny d. happy
18. They used to write.....ideas.
a. of b. off c. down d. over
19. My father works.....an engineer.
a. as b. on c. in d. off
20. Yacoub helps children.....heart problems.
a. in b. on c. at d. with

Language

Used to + مصدر

١ - نستخدم قاعدة (used to) بمعنى اعتاد أن يفعل الشيء في الماضي ولا يفعلة الأن (للتعبير عن عادات في الماضي)

فاعل + used to + مصدر

- He used to smoke.
- They used to visit the zoo.

٢ - في حاله النفي يكون الشكل كالاتي

فاعل + didn't use to + مصدر

- He didn't use to help the poor.
- She didn't use to play tennis.

٣ - في حاله السؤال بمعنى (هل) يكون الشكل كالاتي

Did + فاعل + use to + مصدر.....?

Did they use to play well?

- Yes, they did.
- No, they didn't.

٤ - مع السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام يكون الشكل كالاتي

اداة استفهام + did + فاعل + use to + مصدر.....?

1. What games did you use to play?
   - I used to play football.
2. How did he use to go to school?
   - He used to go by car.

ملاحظات عامة اضافية

لاحظ المعاني الاتية

1. He used to be thin. (but now he isn't thin / but now he is fat)
2. He used to smoke (but now he doesn't smoke).
3. They used to live in India (but now they don't).

٢ - للتعبير عن عادة في المضارع نستخدم الشكل الاتي

فاعل + am / is / are + used to + V + ing

- He is used to studying hard.
- They are used to arriving early.

٣ - الشكل الاتي معناه ان الشيء "يُستخدم" وتبدأ الجملة بمفعول

الشيء + is / are + used to + مصدر

الشيء + is / are + used for + v + ing

- A knife is used to cut things.
- A knife is used for cutting things.

Exercises on Language

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Basant used to.....long hair.
a. have b. having c. has d. had
2. He didn't.....to arrive early.
a. used b. use c. uses d. using
3. She is used to.....the poor.
a. help b. helps c. helped d. helping
4. What did Ashraf use to.....?
a. did b. does c. doing d. do

5. A knife is used.....cutting meat.
a. to b. for c. by d. off
6. .....she use to watch TV? - Yes, she did.
a. Was b. Is c. Does d. Did
7. He used to.....clever when he was young.
a. be b. being c. do d. doing
8. He used to..... clever things when he was young.
a. be b. being c. do d. doing
9. I didn't ..... to want to have a nice house.
a. used b. uses c. using d. use
10. Did he use to ..... French?
a. study b. studied c. studying d. studies
11. He used to smoke ,but now he ..... smoke.
a. doesn't b. don't c. isn't d. wasn't
12. He used to be lazy , but now he.....
a. is b. isn't c. don't d. doesn't
13. Are your children used to ..... a lot?
a. walk b. walks c. walked d. walking
14. She used to.....mistakes.
a. make b. makes c. made d. making
15. Did you.....to stay up late?
a. used b. uses c. using d. use

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Tamer used to .....(do) lazy.
2. My father .....(use) to smoke badly.
3. They used to .....(playing) in the street.
4. He used to have long hair, but now he .....(isn't).
5. He used to be lazy, but now he .....(wasn't).
6. Did he .....(used) to study hard?
7. What .....(does) he use to eat?

Lessons [5&6&7]

Key Vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
mean (v)	يعني	heroes (n)	أبطال
terrible (adj)	سيء جدا / فظيع	kidney (n)	كليه (عضو في الجسم)
statue (n)	تمثال	faculty (n)	كلية
firefighters (n)	رجال الاطفاء	nursing (n)	التمريض
manager (n)	مدير	university (n)	جامعة
education (n)	التعليم	reason (n)	سبب

vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
rubbish (n)	القمامة	heroic (adj)	بطولي
collectors (n)	جامع لشيء	important (adj)	مهم
cleaner (n)	عامل نظافة	person (n)	شخص
without (preposition)	بدون	pay (v)	يدفع
useful (adj)	مفيد	health (n)	صحة
art (n)	الفن / الرسم	emergency (n)	طواريء
need (v)	يحتاج	kind (adj)	طيب
teach (v)	يعلم	brave (adj)	شجاع
a painting (n)	رسمة	scared (adj)	خائف / مرعوب
scary (adj)	مخيف	dangerous (adj)	خطير
agree (v)	يوافق	words (n)	كلمات
true (adj)	حقيقي / صحيح	sure (adj)	متأكد

Definitions أهم التعريفات

firefighter	رجل الاطفاء	someone puts out / stops fires
scared	مرعوب	frightened
hero	بطل	a man who is admired for doing something brave
nursing	التمريض	the job or skill of looking after people who are ill

Words and expressions تعبيرات

what do you mean?	ماذا تقصد ...؟	I agree	أوافق
I mean..	أنا أقصد	I disagree / don't agree	لا أوافق
scared of	مرعوب من	collect from	يجمع من
try their best	يحاول أن يبذل أقصى جهده	without + اسم / V + ing	بدون
don't understand	لا يفهم	that's true	هذا صحيح
in other words	بعبارة اخرى	teach us things	يعلمنا أشياء
do jobs	يقوم بمهام او اعمال	learn about	يعرف او يتعلم عن
save people's lives	ينقذ حياة الناس	in the world	في العالم
got a job	يحصل على وظيفة	teach مفعول + to + مصدر	يُعلم
heroic work	عمل بطولي	would like to + مصدر	يريد
get better	يتحسن	at the Faculty of Nursing	في كلية التمريض
proud to + مصدر	فخور أن	want to + مصدر	يريد
pay for	يدفع ثمن	study very hard	يذاكر بجد
that is the reason	هذا هو السبب	used to + مصدر	اعتاد أن

Confusing words كلمات محيرة

reason	سبب	season	موسم / فصل
nursing	التمريض	nursery	الحضانة
scared	مرعوب	scary	مخيف
save	ينقذ	safe	آمن
every day	كل يوم	everyday + اسم	يومي

Words and opposites كلمات وعكسها

brave / courageous	شجاع	coward	جبان
the first	الأول	the last	الأخير
agree	يوافق	disagree	لا يوافق
useful	مفيد	useless	بلا فائدة
true	حقيقي / صحيح	untrue	غير صحيح
save	ينقذ / يوفر	waste	يهدر
life	الحياة	death	الموت
difficult	صعب	easy	سهل

Irregular verbs أفعال شاذة

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
teach	taught	taught	يعلم
know	knew	known	يعرف
get	got	got	يحصل على
put	put	put	يضع
mean	meant	meant	يعني
do	did	done	يفعل

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية

1. scared خائف من / scary مخيف

- The girls were scared when they saw the lion.
- The ugly man was scary.

2. without + V + ing / اسم

- We can't live without water.
- He didn't go out without taking the money.

3. do jobs / work / homework /housework يقوووم بعمل

- They are doing their homework.
- I help my mother do the housework.

4. live يعيش / life الحياة / lives أرواح

- We live in Cairo.
- His life is difficult.
- Firefighters save a lot of lives.

5. hero بطل / heroic بطولي

- My father is my hero.
- I love my heroic mother.

6. proud to + مصدر / proud of + V+ ing / اسم

- I am proud to know my friend Ali.
- I am proud of being Egyptian.

7. pay for + شيء .... يدفع ثمن الشيء / pay to + شخص ... يدفع لشخص

- She worked to pay for her studies.
- He paid to his friend.

Test yourself on Notes

1. I am proud to.....Egyptian.
a. be b. been c. being d. are
2. I love my.....mother. She is a great person.
a. hero b. heroic c. ugly d. lazy
3. He is.....his homework.
a. do b. doing c. make d. making
4. He didn't go to school without.....his breakfast.
a. have b. has c. had d. having
5. The boys were.....of the snake.
a. scary b. scared c. frightened d. B & C

Reading (1)

My heroic mother

1.Today, my mother is an important nurse, Mrs Karima Mohamed. but I know that her life used to be difficult. She studied to be a nurse at the Faculty of Nursing in Ain Shams University and used to work as a nurse ,too, sometimes at night, to learn all she could She then got a job at a big hospital in Cairo. She continued to work hard but did not stop her studies, and soon she became one of the most important nurses in Cairo.

2. Now, she works in a big hospital in Cairo. In 2020, many people became ill and she worked every day for many weeks. It was difficult , but heroic work, because most of them got better. She is also a nursing manager and she helps to teach younger nurses.

3. I think she is a hero because she studied and worked very hard to get an important job and now she helps people every day. She always tells me that education is very important, and that if I work hard, I can do anything.

Reading (2)

A	I think rubbish collectors can be heroes.
B	What do you mean?
A	I mean, we need rubbish collectors.
B	Sorry, I don't understand.

A	I mean, they do something very useful. They collect rubbish from our homes. The city would be terrible without them!
B	That's true. What about street cleaners?
A	I am not sure what you mean.
B	I mean, street cleaners are also important because they help to keep our cities clean.
A	Yes, that's true!

Great jobs

There are some great jobs that you can do. Many great jobs do something to help other people. Many people think that being a firefighter is a great job because they save people's lives. Sometimes they have to do dangerous things to save people. It is also a great job to be a doctor or nurse. They save the lives of people every day. Many people think they are heroes! This is a famous doctor called Professor Rashad Barshoum. He was born in Asyut in 1941. Today, he is one of the most important kidney doctors in the world. He also teaches people to become doctors at Cairo University. One day these people will save lives and be new heroes. A lot of people think teachers are heroes. They teach us to read, to write and to do many other things. Which job would you like to do? Will you be a hero?



Mona	What is a hero, Huda?
Huda	I think a hero is someone who is very brave.
Mona	What do you mean?
Huda	I mean a hero isn't scared of anything.
Mona	I think a hero is someone who is scared, but still tries their best.
Huda	I am not sure what you mean.
Mona	In other words, they often do difficult or dangerous things.
Huda	It's also about putting other people first.
Mona	Sorry, I don't understand.
Huda	I mean a hero helps other people.
Mona	Yes, I agree.

Exercises on vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

Key vocabulary

1. We felt.....when we saw the lion.
a. frightened b. scared c. ugly d. A & B
2. He is....., he can do amazing things.
a. weak b. lazy c. brave d. sad
3. I think rubbish.....can be heroes.
a. actors b. actress c. masters d. collectors

4. There are many.....at the museum.
a. bridges b. jewellery c. oceans d. statues
5. .....are brave, they put out fires and save lives.
a. Firefighters b. Sailors c. Astronomers d. Patients
6. A .....is an organ of the body.
a. ring b. kidney c. pump d. eye
7. She studied to be a nurse at the.....of Nursing.
a. Faculty b. theatre c. cinema d. coral
8. Doctors do.....work during the spread of COVID 19.
a. lazy b. useless c. heroic d. few
9. .....is very important.
a. Pollution b. Theft c. Earthquakes d. Education
10. In 2020, there was a.....emergency.
a. health b. healthy c. wealth d. wealthy
11. I think he is a .....beacuse he studied and worked very hard.
a. lazy b. messy c. hero d. stupid

SB & WB exercises

12. Egypt's football team.....the Africa Cup of Nations in 2010.
a. won b. broke c. bought d. sold
13. He used to.....for his studies.
a. buy b. pay c. way d. lay
14. I don't know the.....why he came late.
a. season b. reason c. treatment d. cure
15. .....take air into the body.
a. Lungs b. Arms c. Kidneys d. Legs
16. A girl or woman is known as a.....
a. male b. female c. senior d. junior

Words & expressions

17. In.....words, firefighters do dangerous things.
a. other b. others c. an other d. an others
18. He took some medicine and.....better.
a. got b. has c. have d. were
19. He goes to the club.....
a. everyday b. every day c. ever day d. a days
20. Coward is the opposite of.....
a. break b. courageous c. brave d. B & C

Test Unit (3)

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. What is your mother's job?
a. nurse b. doctor c. pilot d. teacher
2. Where does she work?
a. school b. airport c. hospital d. cinema
3. Where did she study?
a. Faculty of Medicine b. Faculty of Nursing
c. Faculty of Arts d. Faculty of Engineering
4. Does she sometimes work at night?
a. No, she isn't b. No, she doesn't
c. Yes, she does d. I don't know

2. Complete the following dialogue:

Karim is doing a quiz about teachers

Karim	Can I ask you some questions for my quiz?
Tarek	(1).....
Karim	(2).....?
Tarek	(3).....
Karim	Why do you think they are heroes?
Tarek	(4).....
Karim	I think we can learn from the internet.
Tarek	(5).....?
Karim	I mean we don't need teachers because we have the internet.
Tarek	I don't agree with you.

3. Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Once there was a Lion in the jungle who used to kill 2-3 animals daily for his meal. All animals went to him to tell, that daily one of them will come to him for his meal. So, the Lion agreed and this started going for many days. One day, it was Rabbit's turn. When he was on his way, he saw a well.
Now he plans to kill the lion and save himself. He went to the lion and told him that, there is another lion who claims يقول / يدعي to be more powerful than him. Then the lion

asks the rabbit to take him to that lion. The rabbit takes him to the well and said he lives here. When the lion looked in the well he saw his own reflection خيالة . He jumped in the well and dies.

a. Answer the following questions

1. How many animals did the animal eat for his meal?
2. Where did the lion die?
3. Who is more intelligent the lion or the rabbit?

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

4. The underlined word " daily " means.....

a. every day b. a month c. a year d. every week

5. A word in the passage that means " strong" is.....

a. lazy b. powerful c. happy d. sad

6. The rabbit wanted to.....the lion.

a. save b. rescue c. help d. kill

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. He lost his leg when the shark.....him.

a. attacked b. helped c. saved d. rescued

2. He has a .....that helps poor people.

a. organization b. charity c. gang d. pond

3. He used to be lazy, but now he.....

a. is b. isn't c. does d. doesn't

4. Earthquakes are natural.....

a. feeling b. faster c. disasters d. enemy

5. The.....pumps blood around the body.

a. kidney b. lung c. nose d. heart

6. He.....Luxor in 2020.

a. will visit b. visits c. visiting d. visited

7. .....means very brave or great.

a. Heroic b. Heavy c. Useless d. Lazy

8. .....are brave people who put out fires.

a. Fighters b. Lighter c. Firefighters d. Cheaters

9. .....he use to study hard?

a. Do b. Does c. Was d. Did

10. Sameera Mousa was Egypt's first.....nuclear scientist.

a. male b. junior c. child d. female

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form:

1. He used to .....(helping) his mother.
2. Egypt.....(win) the Africa Cup in 2008.
3. (Did).....he ready for the competition?
4. They didn't.....(arrived) early yesterday.

6. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

" Your best hero "

Unit (4)



Into the past?

SB pages 34 - 43 WB pages 95 - 101

Objectives

Reading
Reviews of historic places in Egypt; a student's account of Jerash; information about a museum; a text about a trip to a museum; a text about ancient objects

Writing
A paragraph describing a historic place; a report about a historic site

Listening
A talk about a school trip; a talk about a historic place; an account of a trip to a museum; a class debate

Speaking
Describing a historic place; a telephone call asking for information; a debate about the effects of tourism

Language
Past continuous

Life Skills
Self-management: Critical thinking

Values
Co existence values; Responsible behaviour

Lessons (1&2)

Key vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
stadium (n)	استاد	historic (adj)	تاريخي
arch (n)	قنطرة	awesome (adj)	مدهش
mosque (n)	مسجد	guide (n)	مرشد
castle (n)	قلعة	ancient (adj)	قديم
ruins (n)	حطام / بقايا	view (n)	منظر طبيعي

vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
whole (adj)	كل / طوال	shower (n)	دش
protect (v)	يحمي	pool (n)	حمام سباحة
packed (adj)	معبأ	temple (n)	معبد
straight (adj)	مستقيم	desert (n)	الصحراء
away from (adj)	بعيد عن	past	الماضي
litter (n)	قمامة	theatre (n)	مسرح
noisy (adj)	مزعج	Romans (n)	الرومان
stones (n)	حجارة	imagine (v)	يتخيل
rubbish (n)	قمامة	statues (n)	تماثيل
bin (n)	سلة مهملات	entrance (n)	مدخل
races (n)	سباقات	ticket (n)	تذكرة
future (n)	المستقبل	hieroglyphics (n)	اللغة الهيروغلوفية
site (n)	موقع	columns (n)	أعمدة
obelisk (n)	مسلة	enter (v)	يدخل
sacred (adj)	مقدس	trip (n)	رحلة
lake (n)	بحيرة	dates to (v)	يعود تاريخة الى
Petra (n)	مدينة البتراء	recommend	يوصي بـ
Jordan (n)	الأردن	fun (n)	متعه
rules (n)	قواعد	culture (n)	الثقافة

Definitions أهم التعريفات

stadium	استاد	a place where we watch sports
arch	قنطرة	an entrance to a building
mosque	مسجد	a place where Muslims pray
castle	قلعة	a very large strong building, built in the past as a safe place
ruins	حطام / بقايا	the parts of a building that is left after the rest has been destroyed
historic	تاريخي	old or related to the past
awesome	مدهش	wonderful or amazing
guide	مرشد	someone whose job is to take tourists to a place and show them around
view	منظر طبيعي	what you see from a place

Words and expressions تعبيرات

excited about	مثار بشأن	arrive at the temple	يصل للمعبد
plan properly	يخطط بشكل مناسب	forget to + مصدر	ينسي أن
arrive on time	يصل في الوقت المحدد	in the desert	في الصحراء
the whole day	طوال اليوم	interested in	مهتم بـ
a bottle of	زجاجة من	a good idea to	فكرة جيدة
drop litter	يرمي القمامة	what life was like	ما كانت عليه الحياة
put in the bin	يضع في سلة المهملات	the entrance to	مدخل لـ
a long walk	مسافة طويلة	enjoy + v + ing	يستمتع بـ
listen carefully	يستمع بانتباة	on a hill	على التل
wear a hat	يرتدي قبعة	ancient site	موقع أثري
on the road	على الطريق	walk past	يمر من أمام
dates to	يعود تاريخة الى	recommend + ing / اسم	يوصي / يقترح

Confusing words كلمات محيرة

historic	تاريخي	historian	مؤرخ
view	منظر طبيعي	interview	مقابلة شخصية
plan	خطة / يخطط	plane	طائرة
straight	مستقيم	street	شارع
litter	قمامة	letter	خطاب

safe	آمن	save	ينقذ / يوفر
desert	صحراء	dessert	حلوى / حلو
site	موقع	side	جانب

Words and opposites كلمات وعكسها

safe	آمن	dangerous	خطير
important	مهم	unimportant	غير مهم
long	طويل	short	قصير
ancient	قديم	modern	حديث
forget	ينسى	remember	يتذكر

Irregular verbs أفعال شاذة

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
forget	forgot	forgotten	ينسى
drive	drove	driven	يقود سيارة
bring	brought	brought	يجلب / يُحضر
tell	told	told	يخبر
build	built	built	يبني

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية

1. so لذلك / so that + فاعل + can / could + مصدر ... لكي

- He studied hard, so he got the best mark.
- They arrived early so that they could catch the bus.

2. plan خطة أو يخطط / plane طائرة / plant نبات

- We have a plan to go on a trip.
- The plane leaves at 7 p.m.

3. arrive in + (دولة او مدينة) مكان كبير / arrive at + (مكان صغير) يصل الى

- They arrived in Cairo last night.
- You must arrive at school on time.

4. mustn't + مصدر ... ممنوع فعل الشيء = You are not allowed

- You mustn't be noisy in class.

= You are not allowed to be noisy in class.

5. forget + v + ing فعل الشيء ونسي أنه فعله / **forget + to +** مصدر .. نسي أن يفعل الشيء

- I forgot visiting the zoo.
- Don't forget to do your homework.

6. interested in = keen on = fond of مهتم او مغرم بـ

- They are interested in football.
- They are keen on watching TV.
- He is fond of tennis.

7. dates to + سنة ... يعود تاريخة الى

- This temple dates to around 300 BCE

Test yourself on Notes

1. My friend is.....in playing chess.

a. keen b. fond c. interested d. interesting

2. You .....talk loudly in the library.

a. must b. should c. mustn't d. have to

3. They arrive.....Cairo Airport yesterday.

a. on b. in c. at d. off

4. He studied hard.....he could get high marks.

a. so b. because c. so that d. if

5. You mustn't park here. This means you.....

a. are allowed b. aren't allowed c. can d. should

Reading

The city of Jerash

Jerash is a Roman city in Jordan. It is more than 2.000 years old! When you go there, the first thing you see is the entrance to the city. The arch is very tall. You must buy a ticket before you go in.

The Romans enjoyed watching a sport. This stadium is for Roman horse races. You can watch races there today.

Jerash has three Roman theaters. The biggest theatre is the South Theatre. Five thousand people can sit here.

This temple is on a hill. There is an amazing view of the city from here.

I think it is important to learn about historic places around the world. We must protect them so that people can visit in the future, too.

Reading

An amazing day out

I visited Abydos last week with my cousins. There is so much to see: temples, amazing art and ruins in the desert. I am not usually very interested in history, but this place is awesome! It is really amazing!
Maged, Cairo

Get a guide

The ruins at the Karnak Temple were amazing and we really enjoyed our visit! It's a big place. so you need a few hours to walk around it. It's also a good idea to get a guide to tell you all about the history.
Leila, Assiut

Go back to Roman times!

I visited the Roman theatre in Alexandria with my cousins last week. It is easy to imagine what life in Roman times was like here. There are also statues and the ruins of a temple in the museum there. It was great fun.
Samir, Giza

Instructions , you are not allowed

Library	School	Pyramids	Swimming pool
You mustn't eat or drink. You must be quiet.	You must listen to the teacher. You mustn't be noisy in class.	You mustn't touch the stones. You must put rubbish in the bin.	You must have a shower before you swim. You mustn't run near the pool.

Videoscript

Narrator

These people are visiting the ancient site of Karnak, near Luxor. People were also visiting Karnak thousands of years ago. There are lots of different ruins at Karnak. It is one of the most important historic places in the world. You can see many awesome things, such as ancient statues and temples.
This is an obelisk. This obelisk is nearly thirty metres tall and it has hieroglyphics on it.
There is even a lake at Karnak called the Sacred Lake. Important people came here to wash themselves.

This is the amazing Temple of Amun. It was one of the first buildings to be built at Karnak around four thousand years ago. It has huge columns.
In the past, people came to Karnak from all over Egypt. More than two thousand people could be in the Temple of Amun at the same time.
Today, people visit Karnak from all over the world. They must walk past lots of statues of sphinx when they enter the Temple of Amun.
Visitors mustn't 't enter some parts of Karnak. This is because they are very old and protected. These are the ruins of the Temple of Montu. It is more than three thousand years old.
We know a lot about the history of the world because of historic places like Karnak.



Listening

Teacher I'm sure you're all excited about visiting the pyramids next Sunday. It's important that we plan our trip properly, so I need to talk to you about rules. On Sunday morning, you must arrive at school on time so that we can leave straight away. It's a long drive to Giza from the school. We are going to be away from school for the whole day, so you must bring a packed lunch. It's going to be very hot, so you must also bring a hat and a bottle of water. Of course, the pyramids are very important to the history and culture of our country. We must help to protect them. You mustn't climb the pyramids or sit on them. You mustn't drop litter. We must bring all of our rubbish home with us. So, are there any questions about the trip?

Exercises on vocabulary

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Atef loves.....places.
a. funny b. modern c. historic d. new
2. Petra dates to.....BCE.
a. 100 b. 200 c. 300 d. 400
3. Petra is in .....
a. Egypt b. France c. Germany d. Jordan
4. You need a.....to visit Petra.
a. ticket b. food c. ball d. cap

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

Key vocabulary

1. We went to the .....to watch the match.
a. castle b. cinema c. stadium d. theatre
2. Muslims go to .....to pray.
a. clubs b. mosques c. pools d. arches

3. A building with very strong walls is a.....
a. castle b. muscle c. desert d. attic
4. .....are the broken parts left of a building or city.
a. Fans b. Cups c. Ruins d. Runs
5. .....means very old.
a. Modern b. New c. Recent d. Ancient
6. There is a nice.....from the top of the tower.
a. interview b. review c. views d. view
7. .....means amazing.
a. Ugly b. Dangerous c. Awesome d. Terrible
8. The pyramids are important to the history and .....of our country.
a. culture b. agriculture c. industry d. engineering
9. We must put rubbish in the.....
a. pin b. bin c. pen d. hen
10. There are many.....places around the world.
a. historian b. historic c. history d. a history
11. Many people visit the ancient.....of Karnak near Luxor.
a. size b. sign c. site d. sights
12. .....was the writing used by the Ancient Egyptians.
a. French b. Arabic c. Hieroglyphics d. English
13. There are many.....in the temple.
a. statues b. balls c. balloons d. cups

SB & WB exercises

14. We walked under a big.....before we entered the museum.
a. river b. arch c. table d. cloud
15. There is an important football game on at the..... tonight.
a. stadium b. temple c. castle d. planetarium
16. This building became ..... after an earthquake.
a. strong b. powerful c. ruins d. runner

Words & expressions

17. It is.....way to the zoo.

a. a long b. long c. along d. alonger

18. The Temple of Amun has huge.....

a. moons b. clouds c. banks d. columns

19. We must arrive.....time.

a. on b. off c. of d. after

20. He recommended.....the cinema.

a. visit b. visits c. visiting d. visited

Language

past continuous

الماضي المستمر

١ - يتكون الماضي المستمر كالاتي

فاعل + was / were + V + ing

I	He	She	It	اسم مفرد	was + V + ing
We	You	They		اسم جمع	were + V + ing

I was watching TV.
They were reading the story.

٢ - في حاله النفي نضع (not) بعد (was / were)

She wasn't eating.
We weren't swimming.

٣ - السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد يكون معناه هل وتكون الاجابة بـ Yes, or No,

Was she cooking?
Yes, she was.
No, she wasn't.

Were you sleeping?
Yes, I was.
No, I wasn't.

٤ - أما السؤال الذي يبدأ بأدة استفهام يكون الشكل كالاتي

أداة استفهام + Was / Were + فاعل + V + ing.....?

1. Where was he waiting?
He was waiting in the club.
2. What were they wearing?
They were wearing shirts.

٥ - استخدامات الماضي المستمر

١ - يستخدم الماضي المستمر للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا في وقت معين في الماضي

At 7 o'clock yesterday, he was watching the film.

٢ - يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا وقطعه حدث اخر الحدث المستمر يكون ماضي مستمر والذي قطعه يكون ماضي بسيط وذلك مع الروابط مثل

when / while / as / just as

When he arrived, they were eating.
While she was cooking, Ali came.
When she was cooking, Ali arrived.

معلومة هامه جدا (١)

يمكن أن يأتي الحدثان ماضي مستمر اذا لم يقطع احدهما الاخر اي كانا مستمران في نفس الوقت

While she was cooking, her sister was washing the dishes.
When he was eating, he was watching TV.

معلومة هامة (٢)

اذا لم يأتي فاعل بعد (while) نستخدم (v+ing) فقط

While I was studying, I slept.
While studying, I slept.

معلومة هامة (٣)

افعال الشعور والجواس والادراك والتذكر والعاطفة والتملك لا تستخدم في الاستمرار

like	believe	own	know
love	remember	understand	want

I was owning a car. (X)
I owned a car (✓)

Exercises on Language

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. My mobile rang while I .....my homework.
a. do b. does c. did d. was doing
2. He was driving to work when the accident.....
a. happen b. happened c. happens d. will happen
3. While.....my homework, I slept.
a. was doing b. were doing c. did d. doing
4. What were you.....yesterday morning?
a. do b. did c. doing d. was doing
5. Were you sleeping when the clock.....off?
a. go b. goes c. going d. went
6. Was it.....when you left school?
a. rain b. rains c. rained d. raining
7. While we.....the math test, the fire alarm went off.
a. doing b. was doing c. did d. were doing
8. While she was studying, her brother.....TV.
a. watched b. was watching c. watch d. watches
9. She wasn't eating when her father.....
a. call b. calls c. calling d. called
10. They.....Aswan last week.
a. visit b. visits c. will visit d. visited
11. .....he arrived, they were having lunch.
a. While b. When c. During d. On
12. When she visited her friend, she was.....
a. swim b. swam c. swims d. swimming
13. As he was carrying the vase, he .....it on the floor.
a. was dropping b. dropped c. had dropped d. drops
14. My sister.....the room while I was making tea.
a. cleaned b. was cleaning c. is cleaning d. cleans
15. .....my holiday, I visited many places .
a. When b. While c. During d. Where

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. While he .....(took) a bath, his friend arrived.
2. When he was .....(work) in the kitchen, he dropped the glass of water.
3. While he was sleeping, his sister .....(watch) TV.
4. What .....(was) you doing when the light went out?
5. Was it .....(rain) when you left school?
6. My sister .....(arrives) while I was doing my homework.
7. While .....(were sleeping), I had a bad dream.

Lessons (3&4)

Key Vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
coins (n)	عملات معدنية	vase (n)	فازة
figure (n)	تمثال	clay (n)	صلصال
mask (n)	قناع / كمامة	design (n)	تصميم
necklace (n)	قلادة	papyrus (n)	ورق البردي
tool (n)	أداة	senet (n)	لعبة السنيت

vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
Islamic (adj)	إسلامي	online (adj)	عبر الانترنت
museum (n)	متحف	pounds (n)	جنيهات
tickets (n)	تذاكر	wood (n)	خشب
look around (v)	يتجول	plastic (n)	بلاستيك
bag (n)	شنطة	protect (v)	يحمي
floor (n)	أرضية	made of (adj)	مصنوع من
ticket officer (n)	موظف حجز تذاكر	keep away (v)	يُبعد
customer (n)	زبون	insects (n)	حشرات
take off (v)	يخلع (حذاء)	mix (v)	يخلط / يمزج
certainly (adv)	بالتأكيد	ingredients (n)	مقادير
except (conjunction)	ماعدا	objects (n)	أشياء
adults (n)	كبار / بالغين	mirror (n)	مرآة
paint (v)	يلون / يدهن	bread (n)	خبز
pots (n)	أواني	squares (n)	مربعات
bowl (n)	سلطانية	popular (adj)	مشهور
The River Nile (n)	نهر النيل	metal (n)	معدن

Definitions أهم التعريفات

coin	عمله معدنية	a piece of metal, usually flat and round, that is used as money
mask	قناع	something that covers all or part of your face to protect it

figure	تمثال	a model of a person
necklace	عقد / قلادة	a thin gold or silver chain سلسلة to wear around the neck
clay	صلصال	something used for making pots, bricks etc
papyrus	ورق البردي	a type of paper made from papyrus and used in ancient Egypt
senet	لعبة السنيت	an ancient game looked like chess

Words and expressions تعبيرات

Museum of Islamic Art	متحف الفن الاسلامي	look around	يتجول
go into the museum	يدخل للمتحف	is open	مفتوح
wait to + مصدر	ينتظر	from.....to....	من .... الى ...
with amazing designs	له تصميمات مذهلة	every day except	كل يوم ماعدا
on the doors	على الأبواب	I'd like to know	أريد أن أعرف
on the floor	على الأرض	How much is a ticket?	كم ثمن التذكرة؟
take a photo	يلتقط صورة	buy online	يشتري عبر الانترنت
stay in	يقيم في	a ticket is 70 pounds	التذكرة ٧٠ جنية
for two hours	لمدة ساعتين	thank you for your help	شكرا على مساعدتك
take off shoes	يخلع حذاء	made of wood	مصنوع من الخشب
got home	يصل للمنزل	play a game	يلعب لعبة
mix ingredients	يخلط المقادير	protect eyes from	يحمي العيون من
paint around eyes	يلون حول العين	keep away insects	يبعد الحشرات
make + مفعول + مصدر	يجعل	in bowls	في أواني
look good	يبدو جيدا	make bread	يصنع خبز
for making	من أجل صناعة	draw on the floor	يرسم على الأرض
made of clay	مصنوع من الصلصال	popular in	مشهور في
come from	يأتي من	like + V + ing	يحب

Confusing words كلمات محيرة

wood	خشب	wool	صوف
except	ماعدا	expect	يتوقع
from	من	form	استمارة
buy	يشتري	by	بواسطة
paint	يرسم	point	نقطة

away	بعيد	a way	طريق
pot	إناء	put	يضع
floor	أرضية	flour	دقيق

Words and opposites كلمات وعكسها

take off	يخلع (حذاء)	put on	يرتدي
interesting	مثير / شيق	boring	ممل
before	قبل	after	بعد
leave	يترك	take	يأخذ
open	مفتوح	closed	مغلق
online	متصل بالانترنت	offline	غير متصل بالانترنت

Irregular verbs أفعال شاذة

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
buy	bought	bought	يشتري
see	saw	seen	يرى
go	went	gone	يذهب
take	took	taken	يأخذ
give	gave	given	يعطي
make	made	made	يصنع

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية

1. floor أرضية الحجرة / ground أرض الشارع / playground ملعب

- He puts his bags on the floor.
- People left much rubbish on the ground.

2. Like + v + ing / 'd like to + مصدر

- I like watching TV.
- I'd like to watch TV.

3. except ماعدا / accept يقبل / expect يتوقع

- The museum is open every day except Friday.
- I expect it will rain.
- I accepted his invitation for dinner.

4. made of مصنوع من مادة نراها بعد صنع الشيء / **made from** مادة لانراها بعد صنع الشيء كما كانت

- Bread is made from flour.
- Books are made of paper.

5. How much = what price .....? ما سعر / ثمن

- How much is the ticket?
- How much does the ticket cost?
- What price is the ticket?

6. popular in + مكان ... مشهورفي / **popular with +** شخص.... محبوب من

- Football is popular in Egypt.
- Koshari is popular with the Egyptians.

Test yourself on Notes

1. .....price is the mobile?
a. How b. What c. Who d. Whom
2. Senet was popular.....Ancient Egypt.
a. in b. off c. with d. over
3. Senet was popular.....the Ancient Egyptians.
a. in b. with c. up d. on
4. The shop is open every day.....Sunday.
a. in b. on c. except d. accept
5. Cars are made.....Japan.
a. of b. from c. in d. on

Reading

Objects from the past

Objects from the past can help us to understand what life was like many years ago. They can also show us that we use many of the same objects today!

In Ancient Egypt, many people used mirrors to help them paint around their eyes. This was not just to make them look good. The paint helped to protect their eyes from the sun and kept away insects. The mirrors were metal and had interesting designs. Where do you have mirrors in your home?

The Ancient Egyptians used pots and bowls for making food such as bread. These objects were made of clay, which came from the Rive Nile. While

some people were mixing ingredients for bread in bowls, other people used large stones to mix the ingredients in a bowl. How do we make bread today?

Ancient Egyptians liked playing games like senet. Senet boxes have 30 squares. This box is made of wood and is about 3,500 years old. Some people didn't have senet boxes, but they still played the game. They drew the squares on the floor. What games are popular in Egypt today?



Listening

Boy

Last Tuesday, I went to the Museum of Islamic Art with my family. While we were waiting to go into the museum, I saw my friend Amir with his mum and dad! While my parents were buying the tickets, Amir and I decided what we wanted to see first. While we were looking around the museum, Amir and I found some tall doors with amazing designs on them. They were very interesting, so I wanted a photo. I put my bag on the floor while I was taking the photo. We stayed in the museum for two hours before we went home. While we were travelling home, Amir phoned me. He had my bag- I left it in the museum! We got home an hour later. Amir arrived while I was taking off my shoes! He gave me my bag.



Listening (2)

chess pieces	glasses	windows	mixer
These are made of wood. People use them to play a game	These are usually made of plastic. They help to protect your eyes from the sun.	These are made of glass or wood. They help to keep away insects.	This is made of metal and plastic. People use it to mix ingredients when they are cooking.

Exercises on vocabulary

1. Complete the following dialogue:

Sameh		Good morning, Ehab.
Ehab		Good morning Sameh.
Sameh		What a nice mobile! When did you buy it?
Ehab		(1).....
Sameh		(2).....?
Ehab		It is 1500 pounds.
Sameh		Can you come with me to buy one?
Ehab		(3).....
Sameh		(4) .....?
Ehab		We can go this evening.
Sameh		Thank you.
Ehab		(5).....

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

Key vocabulary

1. People sometimes use.....as money.
a. coins b. comic c. colours d. papyrus
2. A.....is a model of a person.
a. video b. figure c. fig d. gang
3. People wear.....to protect their faces.
a. gloves b. shirts c. necklaces d. masks
4. She has a gold.....around her neck.
a. necklace b. glasses c. jewellery d. rings
5. A saw and a hammer are useful.....
a. instruments b. holes c. tools d. balls
6. The Ancient Egyptians used.....to make pots and bowls.
a. clay b. wool c. golden d. wooden
7. .....was used for writing in the past.
a. Pens b. Notepapers c. Papyrus d. Pencils
8. .....is a game that looked like chess.
a. Football b. Tennis c. Handball d. Senet
9. I bought.....to go to the museum.
a. tickets b. statues c. figures d. fins
10. Pasta and tomatoes are the main.....of Koshari.
a. tools b. ingredients c. organs d. members

SB & WB exercises

11. A.....is a piece of equipment you can use to make or repair things.
a. call b. tall c. mall d. tool
12. A.....is a pot used for holding flowers.
a. vase b. box c. hole d. pool
13. A.....means jewellery you wear around your neck.
a. ring b. gloves c. necklace d. socks
14. .....are pieces of money made of metal.
a. Paper Notes b. Coins c. Cans d. Fans
15. A.....is a model of a person.
a. uniform b. furniture c. figure d. bigger
16. A.....is something people wear to cover or protect their face.
a. glasses b. mask c. dress d. shoes

Words & expressions

17. Clay is used for.....pots and bowls.
a. make b. made c. makes d. making
18. Ali makes us.....
a. laughing b. laughs c. laughed d. laugh
19. Mirrors were used to keeps.....insects.
a. on b. in c. of d. away
20. There are many toys.....the floor.
a. in b. of c. under d on

Language

must / mustn't

١- نستخدم كلمة (must) للتعبير عن الالزام أو الضرورة وفي الجملة يكون الشكل كالاتي

فاعل + must + مصدر.....

You must listen to your teacher carefully.
You must have a shower before you swim.

٢- في السؤال بمعنى هل من الضروري نستخدم الشكل الاتي

Must + فاعل + مصدر .....?

Must I take these books?
Yes, you must.
No, you mustn't.

٣ - وفي حالة السؤال بأداة استفهام يكون الشكل كالاتي

أداة استفهام + must + فاعل + مصدر .....?

What must he buy for his daughter?
He must buy her a present.
When must he arrive at school?
He must arrive on time.

٤ - نستخدم كلمة (mustn't) للتعبير عن أن الشيء ممنوع (ليس مسموح أن تفعل الشيء)

فاعل + mustn't + مصدر ..... = You aren't allowed to + مصدر

You mustn't eat in the library.
= You are not allowed to eat in the library.
You mustn't be noisy in class.
= You are not allowed to be noisy in class.

Exercises on Language

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. Students.....arrive at school on time.
a. mustn't b. can't c. shouldn't d. must
2. People.....climb the Pyramids.
a. must b. should c. mustn't d. must
3. We mustn't.....litter on the ground.
a. drops b. dropped c. dropping d. drop
4. You.....park here, you are not allowed.
a. must b. should c. mustn't d. can
5. .....I leave now? - No, you mustn't.
a. Should b. Shouldn't c. Must d. Have
6. Where must they.....?
a. stay b. stays c. staying d. stayed
7. Sorry, I really.....go now!
a. must b. mustn't c. have d. has to
8. You ..... be more careful!
a. must b. mustn't c. shouldn't d. can't
9. You ..... use a pencil, it's not allowed.
a. must b. mustn't c. can d. should
10. You mustn't ..... the stones.
a. touching b. touches c. touched d. touch

2. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. You must.....(helps) the poor.

2. People.....(must) swim here, It is not allowed.

3. You mustn't.....(swimming) in this area.

4. You .....(shouldn't) have a shower before you swim.

5. Must he go out now? - No, he.....(must).

Lessons [5&6&7]

Main Vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
tourism (n)	السياحة	behave (v)	يتصرف
local (adj)	محلي	tourists (n)	السياح
company (n)	شركة	protect (v)	يحمي
environment (n)	البيئة	area (n)	منطقة
damage (v)	يدمر	lake (n)	بحيرة
ruins (n)	بقايا / أطلال	needle (n)	مسلة / إبرة

vocabulary

word	meaning	word	meaning
historic (adj)	تاريخي	Senegal (n)	دولة السنغال
drop (v)	يلقي / يُسقط	Gambia (n)	دولة جامبيا
litter (n)	قمامة	building (n)	مبنى
ancient (adj)	قديم	stones (n)	أحجار
plan for (v)	يخطط لـ	Cleopatra's needle (n)	مسلة كليوباترا

mean (v)	يعني	River Thames (n)	نهر التايمز
decide (v)	يقرر	Pharaoh (n)	فرعون
beach (n)	شاطيء	weigh (v)	يزن
hotel (n)	فندق	sink (v)	يغوص / يغرق
busy (adj)	مشغول / مزدحم	British (adj)	بريطاني
summer (n)	الصيف	special (adj)	خاص / مميز
report on (v)	يكتب تقرير عن	ship (n)	سفينة
follow (v)	يتبع	later (adj)	فيما بعد
across (adv)	عبر / خلال	turn right (v)	يتجه يمينا
signs (n)	لافتات	watch out (v)	احترس
debate (n)	جدال	sit on (v)	يجلس على

Definitions أهم التعريفات

damage	يدمر	to cause harm to someone or something
tourists	السياح	people travelling or visiting a place for pleasure
area	منطقة	a part of a country, town etc
protect	يحمي	to keep someone or something safe
lake	بحيرة	a large area of water surrounded by land
needle	مسلة	a very tall piece of stone with a pointed end
environment	البيئة	the air, water, and land on Earth

Words and expressions تعبيرات

good for	مفيد / مناسب لـ	a good idea	فكرة جيدة
bring money to	يجلب مال	has jobs for	لدية وظائف لـ
I don't think so	لا أعتقد ذلك	in the city	في المدينة
maybe	ربما	take water from	يأخذ مياة من
drop litter	يلقي القمامة	damage the environment	يدمر البيئة
in other ways	بطرق اخرى	protect the environment	يحمي البيئة
sit on the ruins	يجلس على الاطلال	give work to	يوفر عمل لـ
I see what you mean	أفهم ما تقصد	in the summer	في الصيف
behave well	يتصرف جيدا	report on	تقرير عن

it is important to	من المهم أن	important to history of	مهم لتاريخ
with beautiful designs	له تصميمات جميلة	tell about	يخبر عن
next to the river	بجوار النهر	pay for	يدفع
weighs about	يزن حوالي	look after	يعتني بـ
made a ship for	صنع سفينة لـ	sank in a storm	غرق بسبب العاصفة
arrive in England	يصل انجلترا	watch out for	احترس من

Confusing words كلمات محيرة

tourism	السياحة	tourists	السياح
well	جيدا	will	سوف
across	عبر	cross	يعبر
sink	يغوص	think	يعتقد
design	تصميم	sign	لافتة
weigh	يزن	way	طريق

Words and opposites كلمات وعكسها

big	كبير	small	صغير
well	بشكل جيد	badly	بشكل سيء
protect	يحمي	damage	يدمر
important	مهم	unimportant	غير مهم
beautiful	جميل	ugly	قبيح

Irregular verbs أفعال شاذة

مصدر	ماضي	تصريف ثالث	
mean	meant	meant	يعني
sink	sank	sunk	يغوص / يغرق
give	gave	given	يعطي
drive	drove	driven	يقود
know	knew	known	يعرف
tell	told	told	يخبر

Language Notes ملاحظات لغوية

1. sink يغوص للاشياء / drown يغرق للأشخاص

- The ship sank in a storm.
- The boy couldn't swim well, so he drowned.

2. good for مناسب او مفيد لـ / good to عطوف على / good at جيد في

- Is tourism good for historic places?
- Hamdy is good at drawing.

3. beach شاطيء البحر / bank ضفة النهر

- The children played on the beach.
- We walked along the river bank.

4. money مال (اسم لا يعد) / pounds جنيهات (اسم جمع)

- My money is not enough.
- The mobile is 3,000 pounds.

5. special خاص او مميز / private ملك شخص او عائلة

- They made a special ship for the stone.
- We have a private garden.

Test yourself on Notes

1. Nurses wear a.....uniform.

a. special b. private c. tiny d. ugly

2. The money he had.....enough.

a. were b. was c. are d. have

3. The river has two.....

a. banks b. deserts c. islands d. seas

4. The ship.....because the waves were high.

a. sank b. drowned c. died d. written

Reading

Report on the Stone Circles of Senegambia

1. Where are the stone circles?

There are more than 1,000 Stone Circles of Senegambia. They follow the River Gambia for 350 kilometers across two countries: Senegal and Gambia.

2. Why are the stone circles important?

The stone circles are very important to the history of Senegal and Gambia. They tell us about the people who made them and how they lived.

3. How old are the stone circles?

The oldest stone circles are around 2,300 years old and the youngest are around 500 years old. This means that people were building the circles for more than 1,800years.

4. Can tourists visit them?

Tourists can visit them, but they must not damage them. Money from tourism helps to pay for local people to look after the stones. It is important to protect the stones.

Reading (2)

Cleopatra's Needle

1. Where is Cleopatra's Needle?

➤ Cleopatra's Needle is a large and important stone with beautiful designs on it. You can see it next to The River Thames in London, England.

2. How old is it?

➤ The Ancient Egyptians made the stone for Pharaoh Thutmose III and it is about 3,000 years old.

3. How big is it?

➤ The stone is more than 29 meters high and weighs about 200,000 kilograms.

4. How did it get to this country?

➤ The British made a special ship for the stone in 1877. While the ship was travelling to London, it nearly sank in a storm. Another ship helped the stone to arrive in England a year later.



Amira	What do you think, Hana? Is tourism good for historic places?
Hana	Yes, Amira, I think it is. Tourists bring money to an area. This helps the local people.
Amira	I don't think so ...a lot of the money goes to big companies, not local people.
Hana	Maybe, but some holiday companies help the environment and the local people.
Amira	I don't agree that tourism helps the environment. Tourists drop litter and damage places in other ways, like sitting on ancient ruins.
Hana	I see what you mean, but most tourists behave well. They know it's important to protect historic places.

Exercises on vocabulary

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c , or d

Key vocabulary

1. .....is good for any country.
a. Tourism b. Tourists c. Pollution d. Damage
2. .....bring money to the local people.
a. Tourism b. Tourists c. Jewellery d. Furniture
3. People mustn't drop.....in the street.
a. litter b. money c. keys d. air
4. Pollution.....the environment.
a. helps b. saves c. protects d. damages
5. This is the time.....the hotel will be busy.
a. where b. who c. when d. whom
6. We have to.....and obey rules.
a. follow b. disobey c. break d. damage
7. Cleopatra's.....is a large and important stone with beautiful designs.
a. Hair b. Villa c. Bin d. Needle
8. People of the past are known as.....
a. doctors b. astronauts c. Pharaohs d. gangs
9. The stone.....more than 200.000 kilograms.
a. weighs b. carry c. mends d. sail
10. I see what you mean. I .....
a. misunderstand b. don't know c. disagree d. understand
11. The hotel will.....work to a lot of people.
a. get b. buy c. iron d. give
12. They get water from a .....near them.
a. lake b. lock c. blog d. flog

SB & WB exercises

13. Ali's uncle works for a big oil.....
a. work b. company c. job d. pan
14. I love going to.....places such as museums and ancient ruins.
a. historic b. culture c. history d. ugly
15. Don't play football here or you might .....that car.
a. hurt b. injure c. damage d. kill
16. .....it will rain tomorrow, but I am not sure.
a. Maybe b. May c. Might d. should

Words & expressions

17. You must watch.....for animals.
a. off b. in c. of d. out
18. They had a tour.....the city.
a. cross b. across c. under d. crosses
19. Students must behave.....in class.
a. badly b. ugly c. well d. will
20. We mustn't.....the environment.
a. help b. save c. protect d. damage

Test Unit (4)

1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. What did the Ancient Egyptians use to paint their eyes?
a. mirrors b. pens c. books d. brushes
2. What else did they use mirrors for?
a. protecting eyes b. writing c. sleeping d. reading
3. What were the mirrors made from?
a. plastic b. paper c. metal d. gold
4. What did mirrors keep away?
a. insects b. air c. water d. food

2. Complete the following dialogue:

Atef	Where did you go on holiday?
Hamdy	(1).....
Atef	(2).....?
Hamdy	I went by car.
Atef	(3).....?
Hamdy	I went with my family.
Atef	What places did you visit?
Hamdy	(4).....
Atef	Did you visit the Tower?
Hamdy	(5).....

3. Read the passage, then answer the questions:

Once there was a crow who wishes to be colorful and beautiful like other birds. He then went to the parrot and shared his thoughts. But parrot said peacock is most beautiful bird so talk to him. Then the crow went to the peacock to ask his advice.
Then the peacock replied," You are the luckiest bird that has been never caged in life and we because of our beauty stay caged, and you are always free." After listening to this, crow realized his mistake and thanked God for making him like this and he flew away happily. This story teaches us that we shouldn't compare ourselves with others to enjoy life.

God	الله
crow	الغراب
parrot	البغبغان
peacock	الطاووس
moral	الدرس المستفاد

a. Answer the following questions

1. What was the crow's wish?

.....

2. Why do you think the crow is the luckiest animal?

.....

3. What is the moral of the story?

.....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

4. First, the crow went to the.....to ask him how to become beautiful.

a. hen b. lion c. peacock d. parrot

5. The peacock told the crow that he was the.....animal.

a. laziest b. luckiest c. oldest d. tallest

6. The underlined word " He " refers to the.....

a. crow b. peacock c. lion d. parrot

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. An.....is an entrance to another building.

a. ladder b. gate c. arch d. hall

2. A.....helped us and showed us round a place.

a. guide b. archaeologist c. robber d. thief

3. While.....TV, I slept.

a. was watching b. were watching c. watch d. watching

4. Most people wear.....to protect themselves from Corona virus.

a. shirts b. shoes c. masks d. glasses

5. A.....is jewellery you wear around your neck.

a. necklace b. rings c. earring d. eyelash

6. While I was reading, my brother.....his homework.

a. do b. were doing c. was doing d. did

7. .....come to Egypt to enjoy its weather and historic places.

a. Tourism b. Tourists c. Terrorists d. Thieves

8. .....is bad for the environment.

a. Education b. Happiness c. Kindness d. Pollution

9. You.....play with matches.

a. must b. should c. mustn't d. have

10. She used a.....to sew some clothes.

a. needle b. saw c. hammer d. uniform

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form:

1. He should.....(does) his best.
2. While they.....(was) eating, Ali arrived.
3. You .....(must) park here, you are not allowed.
4. As I was.....(write) the email, she came.

6. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

" A visit to a historic site "

Unit 3 in brief

Great jobs

important vocabulary

agree	يوافق	infection	عدوى
bones	عظام	junior	فريق الكبار
brain	المخ	lungs	الرئتين
burn	يحرق	manager	مدير
championship	بطوله	natural disaster	كارثة طبيعية
charity	مؤسسة خيرية	nuclear	نووي
coach	مدرب	nursing	التمريض
competition	مسابقة	patron	راعي / ممول
countryside	الريف	princess	أميرة
date of birth	تاريخ الميلاد	proud	فخور
earthquake	زلزال	pump	يضخ
emergency	طوارئ	rubbish collectors	جامع القمامة
female	أنثى	scared	خائف
final	نهائي	scientist	عالم
great-grandfather	الجد الأكبر	senior	فريق الناشئين
handball	كرة اليد	street cleaners	عمال نظافة
heart	قلب	surgeon	جراح
hero	بطل	volunteer	متطوع
heroic	بطولي	win	يفوز

Prepositions and expressions

Try to	يحاول أن	In Africa	في أفريقيا
Some of	بعض من	Learn more about...	يتعلم اكثر عن..
Win.....against	يفوز بـ...ضد..	The first to ...	الاول في
Lose against	يخسر ضد	Be first in	يكون الاول في
Win by + v.+ing	يفوز بواسطة	Under 19 world cup	كاس العالم تحت 19
Proud of	فخور ب	Get a prize	يحصل علي جائزة
Famous for	مشهور ب	Get married	يتزوج
Feel pleased	يشعر بالسعادة	In the final	في النهائي
Reason for	سبب ل.....	Look through	ينظر خلال

Language Notes

win / gain / earn

- **Win** يفوز
  (a cup كأس /a medal ميدالية /a prize جائزة /a game مباراة /a race سباق /competition منافسة)
- **Gain** يكسب شيء معنوي
  information معلومات / experience خبرة / fame شهرة
- **Earn** يكسب مالا يعيش منه
  Money مال / نقود / his living قوت يومه

Like - alike - As

- **Like** مثل للتشبيه
- **Alike** متشابه / متساوي
- **As** مثل (وظيفة)

Too – either

- Too أيضا (تأتي أخر الجملة المثبتة)
- Either أيضا (تأتي أخر الجملة المنفية)

There – Their

- There ✕ here هناك ✕ هنا
- Their ضمير ملكية (ملكهم)

EXERCISES BASED ON VOCABULARY

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Zamalek won the.....against Al-Ahly.

a finally b finish c final d end

2- I feel very .....to meet you, Mr. Mohamed.

a pleased b pleasure c please d pleasing

3- Ahmed was .....a school project on his family.

a Working b playing c doing d making

4- Roquia was a.....for the Red Crescent.

a voluntary b volunteer c tourist d worker

5- The Egyptian handball team won an important.....last year.

a competition b completion c information d money

6- A.....helps people who are poor, homeless or ill .

a school b policeman c hospitals d charity

7- Omer is very.....of his father.

a happy b poor c proud d pride

8- For older people we use " ....."

a senior b junior c doctor d competitor

9- Mr. Mohamed works for no money to help people, he is a .....

a charity b volunteer c worker d doctor

10- I prefer living in the .....to enjoy fresh air.

a city b natural disaster c countryside d town

11- A: What is your .....of birth? -B: I was born on October,17th .

a place b date c nationality d address

12- Egypt is famous.....its nice weather.

a with b to c by d for

13- Our national team deserves a respected foreign .....

a coach b cushion c player d trainers

14- .....Is a sport with seven players in a team, they throw the ball into a goal to win.

a Football b Volleyball c Handball d Tennis

15- A.....is a terrible event such as an earthquake or floods.

a emergency b natural disaster c charity d accident

16- A.....knows how to look inside the body to help people who are ill.

a sports coach b surgeon c police officer d hero

17- How many times our national football team won the African .....of nations

a glass b cup c saucer d medal

18- Our Handball national team is one of the biggest teams in the .....

a World b Africa c Asia d Europe

19- I'd like to write about my.....mother.

a hero b heroic c heroin d heroine

20- My father is the .....of a big company.

a manage b managing c managements d manager

21- You can give money to a .....to help poor people.

a charity b charitable c chair d chart

22- Nour El Sherbini.....the World Squash Championship in 2020.

a win b gained c won d gain

23- .....take air into the body.

a Heart b Lungs c Kidney d Liver

24- He is a .....,he protects people's lives and money.

a doctor b teacher c police officer d farmer

25- I don't think I .....the answer to this question.

a no b new c known d know

26- Dirty water from a river can .....you if you drink it.

a infect b enjoy c clean d mend

27- I went to my uncle's house yesterday, but nobody was.....

a their b there c theirs d here

28- Zeina is good at English and she is good at maths.....

a neither b so c too d either

29- Street.....help to keep our cities clean.

a builders b makers c walkers d cleaners

30- I think rubbish .....can be heroes.

a reviewers b managers c collectors d bakers

31- This nurse won a prize for her .....work.

a silly b useless c heroic d ugly

32- The little girl is always .....of dogs. She doesn't like them.

a scary b proud c scared d fond

33- I asked Ali about the .....for his happiness.

a reason b season c cause d because

34- Good people work .....to achieve their goals.

a hardly b difficult c easily d hard

35- Children in Egypt .....school at the age of four.

a start b walk c finish d play

36- Mr. Mohamed studied English at Cairo.....

a hospital b factory c University d museum

37- Mrs. Karima used to work as a .....in a big hospital.

a nurse b teacher c patient d professor

38- The heart .....blood around the body.

a pours b spills c bumps d pumps

39- Ancient Egyptian doctors wrote down their ideas .....of years ago.

a thousand b thousands c hundred d tens

Grammar in brief

Used to

فاعل + used to + المصدر

-ودي بنستخدمها لما نحب نتكلم عن عادة أو حدث كان موجودًا في الماضي وانتهى , زي مثلا أقول : (هو كان متعود يدخن) دي معناها انه خلاص بطل تدخين الحمد لله ,,

EX He used to smoke. [he doesn't smoke now]

EX We used to live in a small flat. [now we live in a big flat]

- ودي بيساويها فـ المعني

فاعل مفرد ⟹ no longer لم يعد (مبقتش) ⟹ (فعل + s)
فاعل جمع \ I ⟹ + no longer ⟹ المصدر

EX She used to sleep early. -She no longer sleeps early.

It was my (اسم المالك 's) habit to + مصدر

EX It was her habit to sleep early.

النفي

didn't + use to + inf . المصدر

EX I didn't use to sleep late.

- ودي لو حبيت تعمل عليها سؤال بـ (هل ...) هتبقي بالشكل ده

Did + فاعل + use to + inf. مصدر ? هل كنت متعود علي ....؟

- يبقي خلي بالك كده اننا في حالة السؤال والنفي بنرجع (used to) لأصلها (use)

EX Did you use to sleep early? -Yes, I did.

◀ السؤال بأداة استفهام

أداة استفهام + did + فاعل + use to + inf. مصدر ? .

EX How did you use to come to school when you were young?

◀ ملحوظة مهمة

لما بيجيبلي جملة فيها عادة كانت في الماضي (used to) ويجي بعد كده يجبلي (but now) فـ الجملة اللي بعدها بتكون مضارع بسيط (مثبت أو منفي) عكس الجملة الأولي (وممكن نستخدم في اخر الجملة المنفية any longer)

فاعل + used to + المصدر , but now + فاعل + (doesn't \ don't) .

EX She used to watch TV , but now she doesn't watch TV any longer.

فاعل + didn't use to + المصدر , but now + فاعل + (فعل + s \ مصدر) .

EX She didn't use to sleep late , but now she sleeps late.

مكنتش متعودة تنام متأخر , بس دلوت بتنام متأخر .

EXERCISES BASED ON GRAMMAR

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. I didn't ..... her yesterday.

a see b saw c seeing d seen

2. How did you ..... to the park?

a gone b go c went d going

3. They didn't ..... their friends last month.

a met b meeting c meet d meets

4. Yara went ..... last week.

a shop b shops c shopping d shopper

5. It used to be ..... to send letters by pigeons .

a pop b not good c not nice d popular

6. My friend ..... to swim fast.

a used b used to c didn't use to d use

7. I used to ..... football when I was younger.

a playing b played c play d plays

8. He didn't ..... smoke. Now , he does.

a used to b uses to c using d use to

9. Did you ..... to annoy your friends at school?

a use b use to c using d used to

10. She used to.....long hair.

a have b having c has d had

11. He didn't.....to arrive late.

a used b use c uses d using

12. She is used to.....the poor.

a help b helps c helped d helping

13. What did he use to.....?

a did b does c doing d do

14. A knife is used.....cutting meat.

a to b for c by d off

15. .....he use to watch TV? - Yes, he did.

a Was b Is c Does d Did

16. Ali used to.....clever when he was young.

a be b being c do d doing

17. He used to.....useful things when he was young.

a be b being c do d doing

18. I didn't .....to live in such a big house.

a used b uses c using d use

19. Did he use to .....English?

a study b studied c studying d studies

20. He used to smoke ,but now he .....smoke.

a doesn't b don't c isn't d didn`t

21. He used to be lazy , but now he.....

a is b isn't c don't d doesn't

22. Are your children used to .....a lot?

a walk b walks c walked d walking

23. She used to.....mistakes.

a make b makes c made d making

24. The camera .....to take photographs.

a is using b is used c uses d used

25. When .....you go to bed last night?

a did b will c do d was

26. The secretary .....stay up late to finish her work .

a uses to b used to c is used to d is using to

27. I used to smoke but now I don't smoke any .....

a longer b most c long d longest

28. Radwa used to live in Cairo but she .....lives there.

a doesn't b no longer c any more d as long as

29. My friend .....to swim fast.

a used b used to c didn't use to d use

30. He didn't.....score goals. Now , he does.

a used to b uses to c using d use to

31. Did you .....to annoy your friends at school?

a use b use to c using d used to

32. We used to.....pigeons to send our letters.

a use b using c to use d not to use

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the word(s) in the brackets:

1. What .....(does) he use to eat?
2. She.....(uses) to cook well.
3. He used to be lazy, but now he.....(wasn't.)
4. The book is used.....(to) reading.
5. I used to..... (do) lazy.
6. He .....(use) to smoke badly.
7. They used to .....(playing) football.
8. He used to have long hair, but now he..... isn't.
9. She is used to.....(get)up early.
10. Did he.....(used) to study hard?

Complete the dialogue:

A reporter makes a report about footballers.

Reporter : Hello (1)..... Is your name?
Footballer : Hamada shanah
Reporter : What did you (2) .....to do 20 years ago?
Footballer :I used to (3).....football .
Reporter :(4).....you earn much money from it?
Footballer : No, I didn't. we played because we loved playing for our country.
Reporter : I wish you more success.
footballer : (5).....

Complete the dialogue:

Mazin : Hello, Hany.
Hany : Hello, Mazin.
Mazin : Did you (1).....to live in Cairo when you were young?
Hany : (2).....I used to live in Giza.
Mazin : Did you use to (3).....to school?
Hany : Yes. I used to go to school on foot.
Mazin : What hobby (4).....you use to do?
Hany : I used to read stories. What about you?
Mazin : I used to (5).....
Hany : Great

Test based on unit 3

Listening

1)Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1) We are proud of Dr Magdy Yacoub because he is.....
a great b lazy c funny d old

2) He helps people by giving them new.....
a books b hearts c juice d legs

3) In 2001, Dr Magdy .....
a died b killed c stopped working d married

4) Magdy Yacoub started a charity for ill children in .....
a Cairo b Aswan c Giza d Alex.

Language Functions

2- Complete the following dialogue :

Ahmed : Where do you (1) ..... ?
Arwa : I live (2) ..... Giza
Ahmed : (3) ..... do you come to school?
Arwa : I come by bus.
Ahmed : So, what do you (4) ..... of your new school?
Arwa : I think it's a good school.
Ahmed : (5) ..... you like your teachers there?
Arwa : Yes, I like them very much

-Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues

1) Magda : Didn't you use to use the computer?
Mum : No , ...

2) A new student : .....?
A teacher : It is on the first floor
A new student : Thank you for helping.

Reading Comprehension

3- Read the following , then answer the questions :

People used pigeons to communicate hundreds of years ago. However , tour guides in Colorado , USA, are using pigeons today ! The guides take photographs of the tourists who have travelled down an exciting river.They then use the pigeons to carry the cards from the camera 30 kilometers down the river to their office where they can print the photos.
They used to take the cards from the camera by car, but this took a long time. The pigeons take just 20 minutes .After the tourists have travelled to the office , the photos are ready to see .

A- Answer the following question:

1) What do the pigeons carry ?
.....

2) Why has this helped the tourists in Colorado?
.....

3) Where is the office?
.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4) In the past , they used to ..... the cards back to the office.
a drive b walk c ask the tourists to carry d not take

5) They print the photos in the.....
a offices b shops c markets d clubs

6) The pigeons are ..... than the cars
a slow b slower c fast d faster

Vocabulary and Structure

4- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- He used to..... up early, when he was young.
a get b getting c gets d got

2- He is used to..... clever things.
a be b being c do d doing

3- Mrs. Zeina used to work as a ..... in an international school.
a nurse b teacher c patient d professor

4- The heart ..... blood around the body.
a pours b spills c bumps d pumps

5- Ancient Egyptian doctors wrote down their .....thousands of years ago.
a ideas b stories c patients d illness

6- I didn't ..... to live in such a big house.
a used b uses c using d use

7- Roquia was a..... for the Red Crescent.
a voluntary b volunteer c tourist d worker

8- A ..... always helps people when there is a disaster.
a engineer b teacher c charity worker d actor

9- I used to smoke but now I don't smoke any .....
a longer b most c long d longest

10- A/An ..... does a job without being paid.
a patient b engineer c volunteer d adult

5-Complete the sentences with the correct form of the underlined word(s):

1) I'm very proud <u>to</u> my father. (.....)
2) Did he <u>used</u> to study hard? (.....)
3) Aya won a <u>price</u> for her school project. (.....)
4) He didn't <u>used</u> to come late (.....)
5) She is used to <u>cook</u> our lunch (.....)

Writing

6- Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on :

(Rubbish collectors)

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Unit 4 in brief — Into the past

Important vocabulary

ancient	قديم	necklace	قلادة / عقد
arch	قنطرة	needle	مسلة
awesome	رائع	papyrus	ورق البردي
bowl	سلطانية	pharaoh	فرعون
castle	قلعة	pollution	تلوث
clay	صلصال	pot	أناء
coin	عملة معدنية	pyramid	هرم
damage	يدمر	ring	خاتم
debate	جدال / مناقشة	ruins	بقايا
entrance	مدخل	stadium	ستاد
environment	البيئة	statue	تمثال
facts	حقائق	subheading	عنوان فرعي
figure	تمثال	temple	معبد
heading	عنوان رئيسي	theatre	مسرح
historic	تاريخي	tools	أدوات
local	محلي	tourists	السياح
mask	قناع	vase	فازة
mosque	مسجد	view	منظر طبيعي
museum	متحف	wood	خشب

Prepositions and expressions

necessary to.....	من الضروري ان	tell about	يتكلم عن
put ... in	يضع في / بداخل	protect from	يحمي من
interested in	مهتم ب....	get a guide	يتجول برفقة مرشد
Sitting on	يجلس على	Follow ... across	يتتبعه ...عبر
Behave well	يتصرف جيدا	Made of	مصنوع من (لم يتغير شكل المادة)
Pay for	يدفع ل...	Made from	مصنوع من (تغير شكل المادة)

Language Notes

Enjoy- Like -Love

- **enjoy – like – love + v.ing** — يحب (يحب فعل شيئ عموما كـ عادة)
- **enjoy – like – love + to+** مصدر — يحب (يحب فعل شيئ علي وجه الخصوص وليس دائما)

Too -Very

- **Too** — جدا (تفيد النفي وصعوبة اتمام الحدث)
- **Very** — جدا (تفيد صعوبة ولكن يمكن اتمام الحدث)

EXERCISES BASED ON VOCABULARY

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. You must have a ..... to get to enter the cinema.
   a book b booklet c ticket d note
2. A..... is a structure with a curved top and straight sides
   a gun b arch c sword d knife
3. It's ..... to have a goal in your life.
   a necessary b unnecessary c hard d difficult
4. This text is ..... the Great Pyramid.
   a about b for c at d by
5. A..... is A building in which Muslim worship.
   a Mosque b castle c museum d church
6. I'm Interested ..... reading novels.
   a in b for c at d by
7. The teacher asked us to write a..... of our daily routine.
   a describe b inspire c description d prescribe
8. We went on a school ..... last Friday.
   a day b week c flight d trip
9. A.....is a very large stone building built in the past , that was easily to defend against attack.
   a Mosque b castle c museum d hotel
10. Zeina arrived ..... school late.
    a in b for c at d by
11. I think it isn't ..... to lift this box. It's too heavy.
    a lazy b easy c hard d difficult
12. A.....is building where important cultural historical objects are kept and shown
    a Mosque b castle c museum d hotel
13. My sister likes visiting..... places.
    a historical b history c historian d historic
14. I will ask the architect to design a nice ..... in the entrance of my garden .
    a arch b archer c archaeology d art
15. When I go to Cairo , I always admire visiting Salah al-Din 's.....and its towers .
    a temple b museum c castle d statue
16. The grand Egyptian ..... will attract a lot of tourists from all over the world
    a temple b museum c castle d statue

17. When I look out of my bedroom window, I have a beautiful.....
a allocation b sight c view d review

18. They didn't complete this building at all. These..... are thousands of years old.
a ruins b arches c entrances d castles

19. This old castle..... to the Romans times.
a gets b dates c goes d jumps

20. Many people used..... to help them paint around their eyes.
a cupboards b beds c TVs d mirrors

21. The paint helped to protect their eyes.....the sun and kept away insects.
a for b from c in d at

22. Money from tourism helps to pay.....local people to look after the stones.
a for b from c in d at

23. Ancient Egyptians liked playing games like.....
a sunset b sunrise c senet d senate

24. Tourists can visit stones, but they must not ..... them.
a damage b imagine c protect d help

25. They tell us ..... the people who made them and how they lived.
a for b from c about d at

26. people got into the bowl and used their.....to mix the ingredients.
a foot b feet c hands d legs

27. The Ancient Egyptians used ..... and bowls for making food.
a pots b plates c dishes d cups

28. You ..... look right and left before you cross the road.
a must b mustn't c don't have to d shouldn't

29. .....from the past can help us to understand What life was like many years ago .
a Objects b Stones c Cups d Squares

30. Our national ..... team achieved good results in the world cup .
a football b handball c volleyball d basketball

31. I am proud ..... my father .He is my hero
a in b off c of d at

32. You should ..... politely with your friends and with strangers.
a behave b behalf c behaviour d see

33. There are two-lion statue at the ..... of Kasr Elnil bridge .
a enter b entering c entrance d enters

34. The police are working hard to remove the ..... of the earthquake .
a ruins b rocks c rivers d stones

35. Tourists need a ..... to give them information about the sites
a teacher b doctor c guide d nurse

36. The carpenter used many ..... to repair the broken furniture .
a tools b towels c tart d fuel

37. There was a..... on TV about helping the environment.
a debate b date c carpet d lamp

38. .....is important for Egypt because it brings a lot of money and jobs.
a Infection b illness c Pollution d Tourism

39. Some people are careless as they..... rubbish in historic places.
a drop b make c lend d mix

40. Some people think that tourists can..... important places.
a attack b attract c damage d debate

41. A century is a period of ..... years.
a 10 b 20 c 100 d 1000

42. My sister works in a big..... that organises holidays.
a fort b castle c palace d company

43. Muhammad Ali was the.....of Egypt in the past. He was the most important person.
a ruler b roller c baker d waiter

44. You..... forget to do your homework regularly.
a must to b must c mustn't to d mustn't

45. Muslims go to ..... every day to pray .
a mosque b museum c castle d statue

46. Last winter we went to Luxor and visited its beautiful .....
a temples b houses c seas d roads

47. The trip was..... It was amazing.
a scary b pleased c awesome d boring

48. We call something is..... when it is very old.
a new b modern c patient d ancient

49. In the past, people built..... to watch their favourite sports.
a museums b mosques c stadiums d theatres

50. We bought a new house with a large.....
a entrance b wall c ruin d castle

Grammar in brief

The past simple الماضي البسيط

التكوين

فاعل + فعل + **d / ed / ied**

EX Ali played football. علي لعب الكرة

ملاحظات

- جميع الافعال يضاف إليها (ed) ما عدا

1- الفعل الذى ينتهى بـ (e) يضاف إليه (d)

2- الفعل الذى ينتهى بـ (Y) قبلها حرف ساكن تقلب إلى(ied)

النفي

الفاعل + **didn't** + المصدر

EX Ali didn't play football. (خلي بالك اننا حذفنا ed يعني الفعل بيرجع لأصله ف النفي)

السؤال

1-السؤال بـ (هل ...) ؟

Did + الفاعل + مصدر **?**

EX Did you watch the match? هل شاهدت المباراة؟

-Yes, I did. - No, I didn't.

2-السؤال بـ (أداة استفهام ...) ؟

أداة استفهام + **did** + مفرد + مصدر **?**

EX When did you visit The Tower? متي زرت البرج ؟

الكلمات الدالة

أي تاريخ قديم \ف الماضي**past** **in the** / ذات مرة **once** / الماضي **last** / أ مس **Yesterda**

خلي بالك

- الفعل (were /was) فعل ماضي بسيط من الأفعال الشاذة ⬅ ⬅

EX I was at the zoo yesterday.

- النفي بتاعه بيكون (wasn't / weren't)

EX I wasn't at the zoo yesterday.

- السؤال بنعكس وخلي بالك ان (I was) بتتحول في السؤال لـ (Were you) بمعني (هل كنت..؟)

EX Were you at the zoo yesterday?

-Yes, I was.

– No, I wasn't.

Past continuous الماضي المستمر

- نيجي بقي للماضي المستمر ,,, يعني ايه ماضي مستمر ؟؟؟
- شوف الفرق بين الجملتين دول 1-انا لعبت امبارح . 2-انا كنت بلعب امبارح.
- ايه الفرق بين الجملتين ؟ ,,, بص ياسيدي وياستي بردوا ,,,,
- الجملة الأولي بتقولك الحدث بصورة مباشرة , وده اللي هو الماضي البسيط ,,, زي ما تقول (انا أكلت - شربت - نمت..)
- اما الجملة التانية بتوصفلك الحدث اللي كنت بتعمله وده بنسميه الماضي المستمر ,,,
(كنت باكل / كنت بشرب / كنت نايم..)
- خلي بالك ان: الماضي المستمر ده مش بينفع مع كل الافعال , يعني فيه افعال لازم تيجي ماضي بسيط متنفعش تبقي مستمر لأنها بتتم علي مرة واحده , زي مثلا (يسجل هدف – يقع – يتعطل .....)
يعني مثلا مينفعش نقول (انا كنت بقع) انما نقول (انا وقعت)

حاجه كمان ان الماضي المستمر بنستخدمه لما نحدد الوقت بالظبط امتي يعني اقول (امبارح الساعه 7 كنت نايم)
يعني هو تعريفه انه (حدث كان مستمرا في وقت معين من الماضي وانتهي)تعالي نشوف بيتعمل ازاي

I / He / She / It المفرد	⟶	was	+ v.ing
We / You / They الجمع	⟶	were	

EX I was playing at 7 p.m. yesterday

طيب لو عايزين ننفيه بنستخدم (not) بعد (was / were)

1- لو جاء الماضي المستمر مع الماضي البسيط فـ كده بنتكلم علي حدث كان مستمرا (مستمر) وحدث فعل أخر(بسيط) يعني حدث هذا الفعل اثناء حدوث الفعل المستمر , وقد يقطعه أو لا يقطعه
يعني مثلا (أثناء ما كنت بتفرج ع الفيلم , النور قطع) هنا فيه تعطيل , أو (أثناء ما كنت بتفرج علي الماتش , بابا وصل)
هنا مفيش تعطيل ولا حاجه ,, المهم لما حدث يحصل ويتم أثناء حدوث فعل أخر يبقي اللي كان شغال ده هيبقي (المستمر) واللي حصل أثناءه ده (البسيط) وهيجوا بالشكل ده.

ماضي بسيط + ماضي مستمر	⟶	أثناء While / As / Just as	

EX While I was watching the film, the light went out.

طيب لو حبينا نخلي الرابط في نص الجملتين , فـ الجملة اللي بعد الرابط بتفضل بعده مباشرة و التانية بتيجي قبله

ماضي مستمر	⟵	while / as / just as	ماضي بسيط

EX The light went out while I was watching the film.

ماضي مستمر	⟵	because لأن	ماضي بسيط

EX I didn't answer you because I was sleeping.

ماضي مستمر + ماضي بسيط	⟵	When عندما

EX When the bell rang, I was sleeping.

ماضي مستمر	when ⟵	⟶ ماضي بسيط

EX I was sleeping when the bell rang.

2- في حالة حدثين كانا يحدثان في وقت واحد (لا يوجد اي تعطيل) يعني مثلا

(أثناء ما كنت بتفرج ع الفيلم, أختي كانت بتطبخ) هنا الاتنين شغالين فـ وقت واحد

ماضي مستمر + ماضي مستمر	⟵	While / As / Just as أثناء

EX While I was watching the film, she was cooking.

3-في حالة بقي حدثين حدثوا ورا بعض ع طول (يعني اقول لما الاستاذ دخل الفصل الطلبه وقفت)

ماضي بسيط + ماضي بسيط	⟵	When عندما

EX When the teacher entered the class, the student stood up.

يبقي قبل ماتختار لازم تشوف الاحداث بتقطع بعضها ولا كانت فـ وقت واحد ولا ورا بعض ,,

ماضي بسيط + اسم ---------		During اثناء /خلال

EX During the party ,I met my friend Manal

EXERCISES BASED ON GRAMMAR

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Khaled ..... to the museum last month.

a go b will go c goes d went

2. When..... Omer's birthday?

a do b did c was d does

3. Zeina..... TV an hour ago.

a watched b watch c are watching d will watch

4. My friend Ali went..... yesterday.

a swim b swam c swims d swimming

5. What did Omer..... when he arrived?

a did b doing c does d do

6. How did Salwa..... when she saw the lion yesterday?

a feel b felt c feels d feeling

7. Radwa wrote the e-mail.....

a now b last week c tomorrow d next

8. Roquia ..... born in 2017.

a was b are c did d do

9. When Ahmed was young, He always..... football.

a play b plays c playing d played

10. ..... you ready for the exam last week?

a Did b Were c Do d Are

11. How did you go to school? – I ..... by car.

a go b going c will go d went

12. No, Abeer didn't..... Aswan last year.

a visit b visited c go d went

13. When did you have your last math lesson? – We ..... it at 2 o'clock.

a had b have c will have d has

14. The ship sank because there..... a terrible storm.

a are b is c was d were

15. How..... your weekend?

a did b does c was d do

16. Salah El- Din Al- Ayouby..... the citadel to protect Cairo.

a build b is building c built d has built

17. Yesterday, I ..... my homework with my sister.

a did b do c done d doing

18. When did you ..... your friends ?

a see b saw c seeing d seen

19. Did you watch the film last night ? No , I.....

a don't b did c didn't d watch

20. What time ..... you play computer games last night ?

a did b was c does d do

21. When I was younger, I ..... to live with my grandma.

a going b go c gone d went

22. They ..... attend the conference last month.

a won't b didn't c wasn't d don't

23. Once , there ..... a bridge here , Gezira Bridge.

a was b is c were d are

24. Building the citadel began in 1176 and ..... in 1184.

a finish b finished c finishing d finishes

25. We had lunch at the restaurant and the food ..... delicious.

a is b are c were d was

26. Omar was playing basketball when he..... his knee.

a hurting b hurt c was hurting d is hurting

27. My mobile rang while I ..... my homework.

a do b does c did d was doing

28. He was driving to work when the accident.....

a will happen b happened c happens d happen

29. While..... my homework, I slept.

a was doing b were doing c did d doing

30. What were you..... yesterday morning?

a do b did c doing d was doing

31. Were you sleeping when the clock..... off?

a go b goes c going d went

32. Was it..... when you left school?

a rain b rains c rained d raining

33. My friends..... to cinema last Sunday to watch a nice movie.

a go b went c going d was go

34. Last night, I..... in my room when my mother opened the door.

a sleep b sleeping c was sleeping d slept

35. What..... when the accident happened?

a were you doing b you were doing c did you doing d you did doing

36. I.....down the street when the car suddenly crashed against the tree.

a walked b was walking c walking d walk

37. I ..... my lunch when the phone rang.

a have eaten b was eating c has eaten d ate

38. What..... when you heard the explosion ?

a were they doing b are they doing c did they use to do d did they do

39. As I..... for tomorrow's trip, I fell down and hurt my leg.

a prepare b prepared c was preparing d preparing

40. I and my friends didn't play because it.....

a rained b was raining c rains d raining

41. While she was studying, her brother..... TV.

a watched b was watching c watch d watches

42. Yara wasn't eating when her father.....

a call b calls c calling d called

43. ..... he arrived, they were having lunch.

a While b When c During d On

44. When she visited her uncle, he was.....

a swim b swam c swims d swimming

45. As he was carrying the vase, he ..... it on the floor.

a drops b was dropping c had dropped d dropped

46. My sister..... the room while I was making tea.

a cleaned b was cleaning c is cleaning d cleans

47. ..... my holiday, I visited many places .

a When b While c During d Where

48. Last summer holiday, my friends and I..... many Moroccan cities.

a visit b visiting c was visited d visited

49. Yesterday, I ..... television while my father was reading a book.

a was watching b watched c watch d watches

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the word(s) in the brackets:

1. While he (took) a bath, his friend arrived. (.....)
2. While he was sleeping, his sister (watch) TV. (.....)
3. My mobile (ring) while I was doing my homework. (.....)
4. He was walking when he(see)the accident. (.....)
5. While was sleeping, I had a bad dream. (.....)
6. Where were you (have) lunch? (.....)
7. (While) the match, Ronaldo scored a goal. (.....)
8. When he was young, he sometimes (watches)TV. (.....)
9. Where did they (lived)? (.....)
10. He didn't (helped) me with my homework. (.....)
11. He (born) in 2010. Now he is ten years old. (.....)
12. We (visit)the museum 4 weeks ago. (.....)
13. I (have) breakfast with them 15 minutes ago. (.....)

Complete the dialogue:

Sarah is asking Roquia about the time she is going shopping.

Sarah : When are you going shopping, Roqia ?

Roquia : I am(1) .....shopping next Sunday.

Sarah : (2) .....will you go with?

Roquia : My mum, Mona.

Sarah : (3) .....do you usually go shopping ?

Roquia : (4) .....taxi.

Salma meets Amal, a new girl in the class.

Salma : Hello, Amal! How can I (1) .....you ?

Amal : May you give me a (2) .....of our school ?

Salma : With pleasure.

Amal : How (3) .....will it take to know our class?

Salma : Only five minutes. It is at the (4) .....of the first floor.

Amal : Thanks.

Ahmed and Ola are talking about exams.

Ahmed : Are you (1) .....for today's exams?

Ola : Yes,I am(2) .....about you ?

Ahmed : Of course I revised all the units.

Ola : Really! What about the (3) ..... ?

Ahmed : The Reader ? I did, too. It's a very interesting story.

Ola : I hope we will (4) .....in the English exam.

Test based on unit 4

Listening

1-Listen and choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :-

1) How was Ali's holiday?

a bad b sad c great d boring

2) Where did Ali go on holiday?

a Italy b France c Iraq d Jordan

3) How did he travel?

a on a snowmobile b by plane c by ship d on foot

4) Where did he stay?

a in a flat b in an attic c in a house d on a ship

Language Functions

2- Complete the following dialogue :

Ali meets a tourist and asks him some questions.

Ali : Hello, I'm pleased to meet you.
Tourist : I'm pleased to meet you, too.
Ali : Where do you (1) ..... from ?
Tourist : I come from England.
Ali : It is your first visit to Egypt.
Tourist : (2) ..... I visited Egypt two years ago.
Ali : (3) ..... are you going to stay here ?
Tourist : Two weeks.
Ali : Which places are you going to visit ?
Tourist : (4) ..... at Giza and the Valley of the Kings in Luxor.

Supply the missing parts in the following two mini dialogues

A. Teacher : Who built the Citadel in Cairo ?
Mona : .....
Teacher : He is a great leader.

B. Esraa : .....?
Nora: King Ptolemy built it in about 283 BCE.
Esraa: I hope I will visit it soon .

Reading Comprehension

3- Read the following , then answer the questions :

At school we learn many subject . My favourite school subject is English . We learn it to be able to speak to tourists who come to Egypt . We also learn it to read English books and magazines . Most names of machines and medicines are written in English We also learn history and geography to know something about the world around us we learn Arabic to know our language very well .

A- Answer the following question.

1) Can you read names of medicines ? why ?

.....

2) What's your favourite subject ?

.....

3) Is learning English able us to speak to tourists ?

.....

❒ ***Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:***

4) We learn ..... because it's our first language .

a English b geography c Arabic d history

5) At school we learn many ..... subjects .

a bad b useful c horrible d short

6) Most names of machines and medicines are written in .....

a English b Arabic c French d Spanish

Vocabulary and Structure

4- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1) If you..... a building, you go into it.

a damage b enter c leave d walk

2) People usually build .....around gardens or between the rooms of a building.

a statues b stairs c walls d corridors

3) A..... is a person who goes to many places.

a tablet b truck c tower d traveller

4) There's a beautiful ..... from the top of the mountain.

a review b view c preview d interview

5) I didn't ..... to the museum last week .

a go b went c gone d going

6) My sister ..... me a nice jacket yesterday .

a buys b bought c buy d buying

7) King Fuad built Muntazah ..... .

a please b Place c plus d Palace

8) I'm so sorry to ..... you, but did King Abbas build it ?

a inter b interrupt c entertainment d internet

9) Building the citadel began in 1176 and ..... in 1184.

a finish b finished c finishing d finishes

10) We had lunch at the restaurant and the food ..... delicious.

a is b are c were d was

5.Complete the sentences with the correct form of the underlined word(s):

1) Last night , I <u>have</u> a very good night's sleep. (.....)

2) When you <u>coming</u> I was having a shower. (.....)

3) In the evenings, I like to go out and walk on the <u>platform</u>. (.....)

4) Thousand of <u>towers</u> comes to Egypt every year. (.....)

Writing

6- Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on :

(What you must and mustn't do)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

used to

١ - نستخدم قاعدة (used to) للتعبير عن عادات في الماضي او حالات لم تعد موجود الان وشكل الجملة يكون كالأتي

فاعل + used to + مصدر

He used to smoke.
They used to visit the zoo.

٢ - في حاله النفي يكون الشكل كالاتي

فاعل + didn't use to + مصدر

He didn't use to help the poor.
She didn't use to play tennis.

٣ - في حاله السؤال بمعنى (هل) يكون الشكل كالاتي

Did + فاعل + use to + مصدر.....?

Did they use to play well?
Yes, they did.
No, they didn't.

٤ - مع السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام يكون الشكل كالاتي

اداة استفهام + did + فاعل + use to + مصدر.....?

1. What games did you use to play?
I used to play football.
2. How did he use to go to school?
He used to go by car.

Ze English اشترك وفعل الجرس يصلك المزيد على قناة
www.darsenglizy.com

ملاحظات عامة اضافية

لاحظ المعاني الاتية

1. He used to be thin. (but now he isn't thin / but now he is fat)
2. He used to smoke (but now he doesn't smoke).
3. They used to live in India (but now they don't).

٢ - للتعبير عن عادة في المضارع نستخدم الشكل الاتي

فاعل + am / is / are + used to + V + ing

He is used to studying hard.
They are used to arriving early.

٣ - الشكل الاتي معناه ان الشيء " يُستخدم" وتبدأ الجملة بمفعول

الشيء + is / are + used to + مصدر

الشيء + is / are + used for + v + ing

A knife is used to cut things.
A knife is used for cutting things.

Exercises on grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. She used to.....long hair.

a. have b. having c. has d. had

2. He didn't.....to arrive late.

a. used b. use c. uses d. using

3. She is used to.....the poor.

a. help b. helps c. helped d. helping

Ze English اشترك وفعل الجرس يصلك المزيد على قناة
www.darsenglizy.com

4. What did he use to.....?

a. did b. does c. doing d. do

5. A knife is used.....cutting meat.

a. to b. for c. by d. off

6. .....he use to watch TV? - Yes, he did.

a. Was b. Is c. Does d. Did

7. He used to.....clever when he was young.

a. be b. being c. do d. doing

8. He used to..... clever things when he was young.

a. be b. being c. do d. doing

9. I didn't ..... to want to have a nice house.

a. used b. uses c. using d. use

10. Did he use to ..... French?

a. study b. studied c. studying d. studies

11. He used to smoke ,but now he ..... smoke.

a. doesn't b. don't c. isn't d. wasn't

12. He used to be lazy , but now he.....

a. is b. isn't c. don't d. doesn't

13. Are your children used to ..... a lot?

a. walk b. walks c. walked d. walking

14. She used to.....mistakes.

a. make b. makes c. made d. making

15. Did you.....to stay up late?

a. used b. uses c. using d. use

2. Read and correct the underlined words

1. I used to do lazy.
2. He use to smoke badly.
3. They used to playing football.
4. He used to have long hair, but now he isn't.
5. She is used to get up early.
6. Did he used to study hard?
7. What does he use to eat?
8. She uses to cook well.
9. He used to be lazy, but now he wasn't.
10. A pen is used to writing.

past simple

١ – الماضي يتكون من التصريف الثاني للفعل أي المصدر مضاف ايه (d/ed/ied) ويوجد أفعال شاذة

1. He watched TV yesterday.
2. They studied English last week.
3. She arrived late yesterday.
4. He wrote the letter two hours ago.

٢ – يتم نفي الماضي البسيط باستخدام (didn't + inf) المصدر بدون اضافات

1. He visited Aswan last year.
He didn't visit Aswan last year.
2. They sent the letter to Ali.
They didn't send the letter to Ali.

معلومة هامة

didn't + مصدر = never + ماضي بسيط

He didn't go to the cinema.
= He never went to the cinema.

٣ – يستخدم الماضي البسيط مع الكلمات الأتية ليدل على شيء حدث في الماضي

ago – last – yesterday – once – in the past – in + سنة ماضية
When I was young …

1. He moved to a new house last week.
2. He was born in 2010.
3. When I was young, I visited Aswan.

لاحظ الجملة الأتية جيدا

When I was in Alexandria, I always swam in the sea.
When he was young, he sometimes played football.

٣ – في حالة تكوين السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد بمعنى (هل)
وتكون الأجابة بـــ (Yes,... / No,.....) يكون الشكل كالأتي

Did + فاعل + مصدر .....?

1. Did he visit the museum yesterday?
Yes, he did. / No, he didn't.
Yes, he visited the museum yesterday.
No, he didn't visit the museum yesterday.

2. Did she write her homework?
Yes, she did. / No, she didn't.
Yes, she wrote her homework.
No, she didn't write her homework.

٤ – في حالة السؤال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام

أداة استفهام + did + فاعل + مصدر .....?

1. Where did you live?
I lived in Aswan.
2. How did they go to school?
They went to school on foot.
3. Why was he sad?
He was sad because he lost his mobile.

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. I .....to the museum last month.

a. go	b. will go	c. goes	d. went

2. When.....Dina's birthday?

a. do	b. did	c. was	d. does

3. They.....TV an hour ago.

a. watched	b. watch	c. are watching	d. will watch

4. I went.....yesterday.

a. swim	b. swam	c. swims	d. swimming

5. What did Adam.....when he arrived?

a. did	b. doing	c. does	d. do

6. How did you.....when you saw the lion yesterday?

a. feel b. felt c. feels d. feeling

7. I wrote the e-mail.....

a. now b. last week c. tomorrow d. next

8. He .....born in 2010.

a. was b. are c. did d. do

9. When I was young, I always.....football.

a. play b. plays c. playing d. played

10. .....ready for the exam last week?

a. Did b. Were c. Do d. Are

11. How did you go to school? – I .....by car.

a. go b. going c. will go d. went

12. No, he didn't.....Aswan last year.

a. visit b. visited c. go d. went

13. When did you have your last math lesson? – We .....it at 2 o'clock.

a. had b. have c. will have d. has

14. The ship sank because there..... a terrible storm.

a. are b. is c. was d. were

15. How.....your weekend?

a. did b. does c. was d. do

2. Read and correct the underlined words

1. I play football yesterday.
2. Where did they lived?
3. They go to school on foot yesterday.
4. He didn't helped me with my homework.
5. I ride on the big wheel two hours ago.
6. He born in 2010. Now he is ten years old.
7. We visit the museum 4 weeks ago.
8. In October 2019, I will visit Hurghada.
9. I have breakfast with them 15 minutes ago.
10. Yesterday, we will go bowling.
11. Did he wrote the e-mail a week ago?
12. I listen to music then went out.
13. When he was young, he sometimes watches TV.

Ze English اشترك وفعل الجرس يصلك المزيد على قناة
www.darsenglizy.com

past continuous

١ - يتكون الماضي المستمر كالاتي

فاعل + was / were + V + ing

I	He	She	It	اسم مفرد	was + V + ing
We	You	They		اسم جمع	were + V + ing

I was watching TV.
They were reading the story.

٢ - في حاله النفي نضع (not) بعد (was / were)

She wasn't eating.
We weren't swimming.

٣ - السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد يكون معناه هل وتكون الاجابة بـــ Yes, or No,

Was / Were + فاعل + V + ing.....?

Was she cooking?
Yes, she was.
No, she wasn't.

Were they playing?
Yes, they were.
No, they weren't.

Were you sleeping?
Yes, I was.
No, I wasn't.

٤ - أما السؤال الذي يبدأ بأدة استفهام يكون الشكل كالاتي

أداة استفهام + Was / Were + فاعل + V + ing.....?

1. Where was he waiting?
He was waiting in the club.
2. What were they wearing?
They were wearing shirts.

Ze English اشترك وفعل الجرس يصلك المزيد على قناة
www.darsenglizy.com

٥ - استخدامات الماضي المستمر

١ - يستخدم الماضي المستمر للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا في وقت معين في الماضي

At 7 o'clock yesterday, he was watching the film.

٢ - يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا وقطعه حدث اخر الحدث المستمر يكون ماضي مستمر والذي قطعه يكون ماضي بسيط وذلك مع الروابط مثل

when / while / as / just as

When he arrived, they were eating.
While she was cooking, Ali came.
When she was cooking, Ali arrived.

معلومة هامه جدا (!)

يمكن أن يأتي الحدثان ماضي مستمر اذا لم يقطع احدهما الاخر اي كانا مستمران في نفس الوقت

While she was cooking, her sister was washing the dishes.
When he was eating, he was watching TV.

معلومة هامة (٢)

اذا لم يأتي فاعل بعد (while) نستخدم (v+ing) فقط

While I was studying, I slept.
While studying, I slept.

معلومة هامة (٣)

افعال الشعور والجواس والادراك والتذكر والعاطفة والتملك لا تستخدم في الاستمرار

like love	believe remember	own understand	know want

I was owning a car. (X)
I owned a car (✓)

Ze English اشترك وفعل الجرس يصلك المزيد على قناة
www.darsenglizy.com

Exercise on Grammar

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. My mobile ran while I .....my homework.

a. do b. does c. did d. was doing

2. He was driving to work when the accident.....

a. happen b. happened c. happens d. will happen

3. While.....my homework, I slept.

a. was doing b. were doing c. did d. doing

4. What were you.....yesterday morning?

a. do b. did c. doing d. was doing

5. Were you sleeping when the clock.....off?

a. go b. goes c. going d. went

6. Was it.....when you left school?

a. rain b. rains c. rained d. raining

7. While we.....the math test, the fire alarm went off.

a. doing b. was doing c. did d. were doing

8. While she was studying, her brother.....TV.

a. watched b. was watching c. watch d. watches

9. She wasn't eating when her father.....

a. call b. calls c. calling d. called

10. They.....Aswan last week.

a. visit b. visits c. will visit d. visited

11. .....he arrived, they were having lunch.

a. While b. When c. During d. On

12. When she visited her friend, she was.....

a. swim b. swam c. swims d. swimming

Ze English اشترك وفعل الجرس يصلك المزيد على قناة
www.darsenglizy.com

13. As he was carrying the vase, he ----------it on the floor.

a. drops b. dropped c. had dropped d. was dropping

14. My sister----------the room while I was making tea.

a. cleaned b. was cleaning c. is cleaning d. cleans

15. .....my holiday, I visited many places .

a. When b. While c. During d. Where

2. Read and correct the underlined words

1. While he took a bath, his friend arrived.
2. When he was work in the kitchen, he dropped the glass of water.
3. While he was sleeping, his sister watch TV.
4. What was you doing when the light went out?
5. Was it rain when you left school?
6. My mobile ring while I was doing my homework.
7. He was walking when he see the accident.
8. While was sleeping, I had a bad dream.
9. Where were you have lunch?
10. I was study hard for the exam.

Ze English اشترك وفعل الجرس يصلك المزيد على قناة
www.darsenglizy.com

Unit 3 Great jobs

surgeon	جراح	brain	المخ	charity	مؤسسة خيرية
scientist	عالم	heart	القلب	The countryside	الريف
Charity worker	فاعل خيرى	lungs	الرئتين	emergency	حالة طوارىء
Sports coach	مدرب رياضى	Breathe	يتنفس	Natural disaster	كارثة طبيعية
win	يفوز	pump	يضخ/مضخة	burns	حروق
handball	كورة يد	blood	دم	organisation	منظمة
junior	مبتدىء/ناشىء	earthquake	زالزال	patient	مريض
senior	كبير سنا/راشد	heroic	بطولى	Stop infection	يمنع العدوى
competition	منافسة	society	مجتمع	rubbish collectors	عمال جمع القمامة
hero	بطل	research	يجرى بحث	Street cleaners	عمال نظافة الشوارع
treatment	علاج	serious	جاد/خطر	manager	مدير
medicine	طب/دواء	cut	جرح/يجرح/	scared	مرعوب
score	يسجل /يحرز	Do experiments	يجرى تجارب علمية	Fire fighter	رجل الاطفاء
volunteer	متطوع	Sew cuts	يخيط الجروح	Police officer	ظابط شرطة
furniture	اثاث	Do things	يفعل اشياء	Proud of	فخور ب
jewellery	مجوهرات	agree	يوافق	Ancient Egyptians	القدماء المصريون

2- Complete the following dialogue:

1-Enas : Hello, Huda. Can ! ask you some questions?
Huda : Hi, Enas. Sure.
Enas : Where (1).....your parents live when they were young?

Huda :They (2).....in Tanta.
Enas : What did your grandfather do?
Huda : He (3).....a farmer.
Enas : Really? (4).....he grow fruits?
Huda :Yes, of course.
Enas : What about your grandmother?
Huda : She (5).....work. She was a housewife.

2-A reporter makes a report about footballers.
Reporter : Hello (1)……. Is your name?
Footballer : Nasser hany
Reporter : What did you (2) ……to do 20 years ago?
Footballer :I used to (3)…….football
Reporter :(4)……you earn much money from it?
Footballer : No, I didn't. we played because we loved playing for our country.
Reporter : I wish you more success.
footballer : (5).....

3-Mazin : Hello, Hany.
Hany : Hello, Mazin.
Mazin : Did you (1).....to live in Cairo when you were young?
Hany : (2).....I used to live in Giza.
Mazin : Did you use to (3).....to school?
Hany : Yes. I used to go to school on foot.
Mazin : What hobby (4).....you use to do?
Hany : I used to read stories. What about you?
Mazin : I used to (5).....
Hany : Great

4-Omar : I think rubbish collectors can be heroes.
Ali : What do you(1)..... ?
Omar : I(2)..... , we need rubbish collectors.2
Ali : Sorry, I don't (3).....
Omar : I mean they do something very useful. The city would be terrible without them!
Ali : That's(4)..... . What about street cleaners?
Omar : I'm not (5)..... . What do you mean?
Ali : I mean, street cleaners are also important.
Omar : Yes, that's true! They help to keep our cities clean.
Ali : I agree!

5-Samy : Do you know that the Egyptian football team won the Africa Cup of Nations?
Aya : That's great, but when (1)..... they win it?
Samy : The last time was (2)..... 2010.
Aya : Oh, no! That was many years ago.
Samy : Yes, but they (3)..... the cup three times one after the other.
Aya : I don't understand you. (4)..... do you mean?
Samy : I mean that Egypt won the cup in 2006, 2008 and 2010.
Aya : Wow! That was a great achievement!

Samy : You are right.
Aya : I'm (5)..... of the Egyptian football team.

6-Tourist : Is Elephantine Island a good place for fish?
Tarek : Do you (1).....you want to go fishing?
Tourist :Yes. That's (2).....I like fishing.
Tarek : Yes. It is a popular place for people who like fishing. Have you thought about going to the desert?
Tourist :{3).....do you mean?
Tarek : Well, you can go to the White Desert. It's very exciting.
Tourist : Did you (4).....go there?
Tarek : Yes. I used to go to Farafra. It's a place in the White Desert.
Tourist : I (5).....what you mean

7.Dalia : Can I ask you some questions?
Eman : Sure.
Dalia : What do (1).....do to our body?
Eman : Lungs take in air and help us to breathe.
Dalia : Can smokers(2).....well?
Eman : Of course not.
Dalia : What (3).....the brain do?
Eman : It tells the parts of our (4) .....what to do.
Dalia : What does the heart do?
Eman : It (5).....blood around the body.

3-Read the following , then answer the questions :

A long time ago, there was a young boy who used to come and play around a huge apple tree every day. He climbed the tree, ate the apples and took a nap under the shadow. He loved the tree and the tree loved to play with him. The boy got older and didn't play around it every day.
Every time, when he came back, he was sad and didn't want to play with the tree. However, the tree was ready to do anything to make him happy. She gave him all the apples to sell them and buy toys. Then, she told him to cut her branches to build a house and at last, he took her trunk to build a boat and go sailing. Finally, he came back after many years but she told him that she had nothing left except her root. The man told her that he only wanted a place to rest. The man sat down and the tree was very happy.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. What did the boy use to do when he was young?
.....
2. Why did the tree give the boy all the apples?
.....
3. Do you think trees are useful? Why?
.....

B) Choose the correct answer:

4. The tree gave the boy her ..... to build a boat.
a. apples b. branches c. trunk d. root
5. The main idea of the passage is to be ..... .
a. careless b. helpful c. unkind d. sad

6.the underlined pronoun " her " refers to...
a. girl b. place c. tree d. man

2-My name is Sandy. I used to work in a bank, but now I work as a secretary in a company. I left the bank and joined the company seven years ago. I enjoy working here and I have made lots of friends. I met my husband in this company and we got married last year. Our manager, Mr Medhat, is a very nice man. He gave us three weeks off and he bought us a very nice wedding gift. When I am not working, I love spending time in my garden. I grow plants and vegetables. When I was a little girl, 1 wanted to be a gardener. I always helped my parents in the garden. My husband likes gardening, too. We went to the garden centre last weekend and bought some new plants. My husband planted a new apple tree and some roses in the garden. I watered the tomato plants and the strawberries.

A) Answer the following questions:
1 Why is Mr Medhat a kind man?.....
2. Where does Sandy's husband work?.....
3 What does the underlined word "gift" mean?.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
4.Sandy used to help her parents in the.....
a) park b) garden c) farm d) barn
5. Sandy wanted to.....when she was young.
a) get married b) work in a bank c) be a gardener d) plant apple trees
6. .....planted the apple tree.
a) The husband b) Sandy c) The manager d) None of them

3-One day, Mr Adel took his wife, Mrs. Amira and his children to the city park in order to have a picnic. They drove to the park early in the morning and arrived there at about 10 a.m. Mr Adel and his wife sat under a tree. They ate, drank and read newspapers. Their children ran and jumped on the grass. Amira decided to take some photos of them. While she was talking her camera out of her bag, she heard a cry. An old lady was running after a thief who took her mobile phone and started to run away. Amira quickly took three photos of him. When the police arrived, she showed them the photos. A few hours later, the police caught the thief. They gave the lady her old phone and thanked Amira.

a. Answer the following questions:
1. Where did Mr Adel and his family go on a picnic?
.....
2. How did Mrs Amira help the lady?
.....
3. What does the underlined word “them” refer to?
.....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b , c or d:
4. Mr Adel and his family went to the park by ..... .
a. train b. metro c. car d. plane
5. Amira was a ..... woman.
a. lazy b. clever c. stupid d. helpless
6.the thief took .....from the old lady.
a. photos b. camera c. phone d. newspaper

4-Omar and Salma went to Greece on holiday. They stayed in a nice, big hotel. In the mornings, they had breakfast at the hotel and in the evenings, they ate dinner at

restaurants. One night, they went to a famous restaurant and they sat outside because it was lovely warm weather. They ordered fish with salad and chips. The waiter served it. They saw a big sign. It said, 'Don't feed the cats.' Soon, they saw a beautiful cat. It came up to their table. It sat beside Salma.
Salma cut a piece of fish and gave it to the cat. It ate the fish. The waiter was not happy! The cat did not wait for another piece. It jumped on the table, took the fish and quickly jumped back down. At that moment, the waiter came back out. He saw the cat with the fish. He looked at Salma, but he didn't say a thing. His look said it all.

A. Answer the following questions:

1- Where did Omar and Salma go on holiday?.....
2- Why did they sit outside the famous restaurant?.....
3-Do you think the waiter was angry ?Why? .....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

3- The waiter gave Salma a bad
a meal b fish c cat d look
4- The restaurant was..... to put the sign.
a bad b right c wrong d rude
5- The underlined pronoun "It" refers to the
a fish b table c cat d piece

4-choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. The Egyptian handball team won an important.....in2020. SB
a) development b) experiment c) competition d) completion
2. A.....knows how to look inside the body to help people who are ill. WB
a) sports coach b) surgeon c) police officer d) hero
3- A/An .....does experiments to study and find out about how things work. WB
a.event b.scientist c.worker d.hero
4- A..... is an event when people try to get a prize by being the best at something WB
a..team b.charity c.coach d.competition
5- A/An..... is something serious or dangerous that you need to do something about.WB
a. organisation b. emergency c. charity d. crescent
6- The..... is the area outside a city, where there are farms and lots of nature. WB
a.mountain b.earthquake c.countryside d.crescent
7- Mona's mother is a/an ..... at the hospital; they don't pay her for her work. WB
a.coach b. volunteer c.patient d.adult
8- You can only open this door in a/an..... , such as a fire. WB
a pleasure b charity c emergency d organisation
9- A ..... helps people who are poor, sick or don't have a home. SB
a.prison b.charity c.museum d.theater
10- The..... tells the parts of our body what to do. SB
a.heart b.stomach c.eye d.brain
11-Lina's cousin in hospital with an eye..... WB
a. infected b.infect c.infection d. infectious
12-Adam fell off his bike and has a big.....on his arm. WB
a.burn b.infection c.cut d.pump
13- The lungs take in air and help us to ..... WB
a.breeze b.breath c.freeze d.breathe
14- A teaches people how to play or improve a sport. WB
a sports coach b scientist c teacher d professor
15- I always give money to a/an..... that helps poor children. WB
a medicine b library c history d charity
16- A..... helps people or animals that need help. WB

a.charity worker b.sports coach c.nuclear scientist d.fruit seller

17- When you are older, do you want to live in the city or the..... ? WB

a.side b.earth c.countryside d.continent

18.My sister has passed all her exams with good marks, and we are very.....of her. WB

a.worried b. pleased c.proud d. crowded

19- The heart ..... blood around the body. WB

a.takes in b.drinks c.pumps d.plants

20. My brother is only 10 years. He wants to join the.....team.

a)small b) old c) junior d) senior

21. My grandfather is my.....He helped many people in his village and built a school.

a) thief b) hero c) player d) driver

22Dr. Magdy Yacoub is a world famous heart.....

a) worker b) scientist c) waiter d) surgeon

23-This great charity helps children..... heart problems.

a) with b) by c)in d) on

24. A player should practise more to.....his skills in a sport.

a) lose b) improve c) climb d) make

25. Scientists do many experiments to find.....for many illnesses.

a) treatments b) developments c) moments d) monuments

26. When I was little, a thief. .....me and a police officer saved me and arrested him.

a) attacked b) attracted c) won d) earned

27Our team won the match.....Tunisia.

a) away b) across c) again d) against

28. My father died from..... is a dangerous disease.

a) cancer b) flu c) kidney d) heart

29. In handball, players score by.....the ball into a goal.

a) touching b) throwing c) heading d) saving

30.Mohamed Salah plays.....Liverpool team in England.

a) in b) on c) to d) for

31. Working in a group is called.....

a) homework b) manual work c) teamwork d) housework

32.Scientists do experiments to..... how things work.

a) find out b) improve c) practise d) touch

33. Everybody works hard to be.....

a) success b) successful c) succeed d) successfully

34. He had a terrible accident and.....a leg.

a) won b) lost c) missed d) threw

35They started a.....to help people from poor families with the disease.

a) foundation b) solution c) pollution d) introduction

36- Omar Samra became the first Egyptian ..... Mount Everest

a-climbed b-climb c-climbing d-to climb

37- We always..... experiments at the school lab every Monday.

a.make b.do c.look d.fly

38-Magdy Yacoub stopped most of his work ..... a surgeon for a long time ago.

a.alike b.as c.like d.such

39- ..... is a sport with seven players in a team.

a.Tennis b.Boxing c.Snorkelling d.Handball

40- Huda went to a surgeon to..... the cut in her hand.

a.cook b.break c.sew d.plant

41- The little child ..... off his bike and broke his leg.

a.felt b.filled c.failed d.fell

42-Women usually wear..... which is made of gold.

a.Furniture b.Jewellery c. Information d.clothes

43.My house is very big. It has a lot of.....

a) medicine b) experience c) information d) furniture
44- She helped to look..... poor children in Egypt from 1920 to 1969.
a.for b.in c. from d.after
45. I always feel.....of dark places.
a) happy b) scared c) hungry d) busy
46.Our streets are clean because.....don't leave any paper there.
a) rubbish collectors b) volunteers c) shop workers d) sellers
47 My neighbour, Mr Said, is.....He saved a little girl from fire.
a) safe b) dangerous c) serious d) brave
48 My mother did some.....work that made me proud of her.
a) dangerous b) boring c) heroic d) scary
49 I went to the museum and saw many.....of Ancient Egyptians there.
a) statues b) emails c) selfies d) villas
50. My father is the most important doctor at his hospital. He is the.....
a) worker b) manager c) cleaner d) waiter
51- Street..... help to keep our cities clean.
a.builders b.makers c.walkers d.cleaners
52 My father is the person who.....for our needs.
a) does b) makes c) buys d) Pays
53. A/An.....is the person who helps people when there is fire.
a) firefighter b) engineer c) surgeon d) waiter
54.Milk is useful.....children.
a.for b.in c. from d.after
55- What's the..... you're leaving your new job, Sameh?
a.season b.pity c.reason d.question
56- My father works as a/an..... in a big factory.
a.manager b.teacher c.tour guide d.farmer
57- Good people work ..... to achieve their goals.
a.hardly b.difficult c.easily d.hard
58. We should..... our country clean.
a)keep b)save c) live d) store
59- my friend samy was born..... a rich family.
a) at b)in c) on d)into
60- Would you like to see the..... match in the stadium? I have tickets.
a final b fun c total d signal

grammar



The past simple tense زمن الماضى البسيط

1-Form التكوين

📖 يتكون الماضى البسيط من (التصريف الثانى للفعل) بإضافة d أو ed او ied للفعل إذا كان فعل عادى (منتظم) مثل Play – played / help – helped

📖 أما إذا كان فعل شاذ (غير منتظم) يُحفظ مثل see - saw / go - went / have – had.

2-Usage الاستخدام

نستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن:

١. حدث بدأ وانتهى في الماضي.

E.g. E.g. I played football yesterday. I visited my aunt a week ago.
I was very tired this morning.

٢. عادة في الماضي (غالباً مع كلمة "used to" والتي معناها " اعتاد أن").

E.g. When I was in Paris, I used to play(played) tennis.

3-Key words الكلمات الدالة

Yesterday امس / (مدة زمنية)ago منذ / last+مدة زمنية الماضى / in+ سنة ماضية (in 2009)
in the past فى الماضى/ When I was young عندما كنت صغير/ once ذات مرة

٤. النفى Negative:

فى حالة النفى نستخدم (didn't + المصدر)

فاعل + did not(didn't) + V.(inf) مصدر الفعل

➔ I didn't play football yesterday. ➔ he didn't go to school last week.

لاحظ : هناك اشكال اخرى للافعال فى زمن الماضى التى لايمكن تحول الى النفى باستخدام didn't مثل:

was→ wasn't / were→ weren't / could→ couldn't

➲Ali wasn't at the cinema last week. ➲They weren't at school yesterday.

➲ When I was young , I couldn't ride a bike.

٥. السؤال Question:

عند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الاتى :

Did + فاعل + inf.....مصدر الفعل?

➔Did you watch TV last night? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

Were /Was + فاعل + . (مكان + حرف جر + اسم او صفة) ?

➔Were you at the cinema last week? Yes, I was / No wasn't

عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام :

اداة الاستفهام + did + فاعل + inf.....مصدر الفعل?

➔What time did you go to bed? Why did he buy that shirt?
➔ where did you go yesterday? I went to the club

اداة استفهام + Were /Was + فاعل + . (مكان + حرف جر + اسم او صفة) ?

➔How was your birthday? Where was Samy's old house?

اعتاد ان Used to + inf

١-فى الاثبات تستخدم used to (لتعبر عن عادة كانت تحدث فى الماضي ولم تعد تحدث الآن)

فاعل + used to + inf

- I used to play football when I was young. - He used to be a driver, but now he isn't.
- I used to smoke a packet a day
He used to live in the countryside.

٢-في النفي نستخدم

فاعل +Didn't use to + inf

- He didn't use to play football when he was young. .
I didn't use to know much about my family history.

٣- في حالة السؤال بمعنى هل نستخدم

Did + فاعل + use to + inf ?

- Did she use to live in Cairo? yes, she did. / No, she didn't
Did you use to get up early? yes, I did / No , I didn't

٣- في حالة السؤال باداة استفهام اداة استفهام + did + فاعل + use to + inf ?

What sport did you use to play?

I used to play football.

ملاحظات

لاحـــظ الاتى

1. He used to be thin. (but now he isn't thin / but now he is fat)
2. He used to smoke (but now he doesn't smoke).

(am / is / are) / (get) used to (v + ing) معتاد على

صفـة (تعبر عن عادة تحدث في الحاضر)

I'm used to playing football . = I usually play football.

(be) used to + inf = (be) used for + (v+ing)

فعل أساسي في جملة مبنية للمجهول و معناه يُستخدَم لكي

- Wood is used to make furniture. = - Wood is used for making furniture.

1. In 2016, a shark.....Omar and he lost a leg. WB
a) is attacking b) attacking c) attacked d) attacks

9- There..... a hotel in our city ten years ago, but now there are three. WB
a weren't b didn't c isn't d didn't use to be

3.- Egypt's football team..... the Africa Cup of Nations in 2010. WB
a win b won c to win d winning

4- He started playing chess when he was very little and he..... always very good at it. WB
a.does b was c has d were

5.in 1990, He .....the number one chess player in our city. WB
a) is becoming b) becomes c) became d)become

6. Yasser's grandmother..... work in a hospital. WB
a. used to b. is used c. uses to d. using to

7. Dina ..... money to a charity, but now she does. SB
a.didn't use to give b.gave c.doesn't give d.used to give

8. Did Hossam Hassan ..... captain of the Egyptian Football team? SB
a.uses to be b.was c.be d.use to be

9- My grandfather ..... football when he was young, but he can't walk now. WB
a play b used to play c use to play d plays

10- When she was a child, Yasser's Mum .....play the piano every day. SB
a used to b was used to c was using to d use to

11- Where..... live before you moved to Alexandria? WB
a.are you b.do you c.you used to d.did you use to

12. They.....in the countryside, but now they live in the city.
a) used to living b) use to live c) used to live d) using to live

13 .....play computer games when you were younger?
a) Did you used b) Does he use to c) Did you use to d) Did you use

14..I went to Hurghada with my family a.....
a) tomorrow b) next week c) last week d) week ago

15. How……your weekend?
a. did b. does c. was d. do

16-……you go to the museum last week?
a-Are b-were c-Did d-do

17-Where……you yesterday?
a-did b-do c-are d-were

18-Where did you live when you ..... a child?

a-were b-are c-was d-is
19-Last summer, my family ……. a fantastic holiday in Morocco.
a. have b. had c. has d. are having
20-Salah al-Din al-Ayouby----------the citadel to protect Cairo.
a- built b- build c - builds d- building
21-Where……you yesterday?
a-did b-do c-are d-were
22-……your friends ready for the exam last week?
a-was b-did c-were d-do
23. Mona…….. to school yesterday because she was ill.
a. not come b. doesn't come c. don't come d. didn't come
24-Hany ……at school last Monday.
a-didn't b-doesn't c-wasn't d.hasn't
25 My family…… delicious food last week.
a.ate b.eat c.eats d.eating
26-I ..... with a dolphin in Hurghada last summer.
a-swim b-swam c-swim d-swimming
27- My brother bought his house two years..... .
a.ago b.last c.once d.since
28. When you were ten, ... you use to live in a different house?
a. did b. does c. doing d. do
29. He used to.....clever when he was young.
a. be b. being c. do d. doing
30. He used to..... clever things when he was young.
a. be b. being c. do d. doing
31. Did your children use to ..... a lot?
a. walk b. walks c. walked d. walking
32. He used to smoke ,but now he ..... smoke.
a. doesn't b. don't c. isn't d. wasn't
33. He used to be lazy , but now he.....
a. is b. isn't c. don't d. doesn't
34- Hany..... doing his homework an hour ago.
a starts b started c start d starting
35- He .....Aunt Reem when he was 20 and they got married in 1983.
a met b was meeting c meets d will meet
36- My father .....us to school as the school bus didn't come.
a drives b drove c drive d driving

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1- I..... (eat) fish last week.
2- who did you..... (seeing) last Monday?
3- she didn't..... (rode) a camel before.
4-We..... (write) in English yesterday.
5-My uncle..... (buy) his house last summer.
6-Hany..... (don't) play tennis yesterday.
7-Hala .....(be) ill last week.
8. I ..... (sleep) in a tent last night
9. We..... (go) into the cave last holiday.
10- Before Yasser's dad got married, he ..... (doesn't) use to live in Cairo
11- Where did you..... (went) on holiday last summer
12- What.....(do) you visit last week ?
13-How..... (did)your day yesterday ?
14-He swam in the sea, but he didn't .....(saw) any dolphins.
15- How did you.....(used) to go to school?

16- Do you use to have a lot of homework?
17- Before he had children, Yasser's grandfather .....(not)use to know how to drive a car.
18- What was your favourite toy when you .....(be) little?
19-In 1990, he.....(become)the number one chess player in our city.
20-I didn't.....(used) to like salad when I was younger.
21-We used to.....(playing) football.
22-My Uncle Rashid .....(be) born in 1961.
23-I .....(not use) to like fish when I was young.
24-Did you visit the Pyramids when you .....(be) young?

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

A person that you are proud of (your hero)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

a great job you like

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

your past habits

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

how life used to be different in ancient Egypt

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Unit 4 Into the past

arch	قوس	ruins	اطلال	interesting	شيق
castle	قلعة	stadium	استاذ	protect	يحمى
Complete building	مبنى كامل	statue	تمثال	race	سباق
culture	ثقافة	temple	معبد	recommend	يرشح/يوصى ب
entrance	مدخل	theatre	مسرح	review	مقال نقدية
historic	تاريخى	amazing	مذهل	museum	متحف
mosque	مسجد	ancient	قديم/ اثرى جدا	roman	رومانى
national	قومى/وطنى	awesome	رائع	ticket	تذكرة
pray	يصلى	behave	يتصرف	time	عهد/عصر
bowl	سلطانية	The museum of Islamic art	متحف الفن الاسلامى	popular	محبوب/شعبى
coin	عملة معدنية	tool	اداة	senet	لعبة تشبه الشطرنج
figure	شكل	vase	فازة	square	مربع
magazine	مجلة	Web page	صفحة ويب	ingredients	مكونات/مقادير
mask	قناع	chemical	مادة كيميائية	mix	يخلط
necklace	عقد/قلادة	clay	طين صلصال	ring	خاتم
papyrus	ورق البردى	design	تصميم	pot	اناء
company	شركة	debate	مناظرة	maybe	ربما
historic	تاريخى	environment	البيئة	tourism	السياحة
damage	يتلف	Local people	السكان المحليين	tourist	سائح
area	منطقة	pharaoh	فرعون	special	خاص
century	قرن ١٠٠ عام	report	تقرير	Stone circles	الدوائر الحجرية
follow	يتبع	ruler	حاكم	war	حرب

2-Complete the following dialogue:

1-Amira .What do you think, Hana? Is tourism good for historic places?
Hana : Yes, I (1).....
Amira : Why do you think that?
Hana . Because tourists bring money to an area. This helps the local people.
Amira : 2.....think so.
Hana : Why not?
Amira : As a lot of money goes to big companies, not (3).....people.
Hana : Maybe, but some holiday companies help the environment and the local people.

Amira : I (4).....agree. Tourists drop rubbish and damage places.
Hana : I see what you (5)..... , but most tourists behave well.

2-Fady : Hello, Baher. How are you?
Baher : Hi, Fady. Do you (1).....this plan for a new hotel is a good idea?
Fady : I don't think (2) .....It only has jobs for people in the city.
Baher : I don't (3).....More tourists in the area can help the local people.
Fady : Maybe, but what about the water? Taking water from the lake will damage the environment.
Baher : I see what you (4).....It's important to protect the environment.
Fady : Yes, we should do our best to make it (5).....
Baher : And we should tell other people to look after it.
Fady : I agree with you. Let's talk about that tomorrow.
Baher : That sounds good.

3-Ticket office : Good morning, the Egyptian Museum. How can I help you?
Customer : Good morning. (1).....you tell me your working hours?
Ticket office : (2).....We're open daily from 9:30 to 6:30.
Customer : (3).....like to know how much the tickets are?
Ticket office : Of course. Adults are 150 pounds and children under 12 are 75 pounds.
Customer : Can I buy the tickets at the museum?
Ticket office :Yes, or you can buy them online.
Customer : I'd (4).....to know if I could bring my camera with me.
Ticket office : Of course. But you mustn't take photos inside the museum.
Customer : (5).....you for your help. Goodbye.

4.Hany : Did you visit Jerash before?
Samy : Sorry, What is Jerash?
Hany : Jerash is a Roman (1) …… in Jordan.
Samy : How (2) …… is it?
Hany : It is more than 2,000 (3) …… old!
Samy : How can I visit it?
Hany : You (4) …… buy a ticket before you go in.
Samy : Are there any theatres in Jerash?
Hany : Sure. Jerash has three Roman(5) ……

3-Read the following , then answer the questions :

1-The oldest museum in Cairo opened in 1835. There were more than160,000 of Egypt's most valuable treasures on display. However, the museum didn't have space for 100,000 other objects. In 2002, there was a competition to design a bigger and more modern museum. The competition had 1,575 designs from more than 80 different countries.
The Grand Egyptian Museum (GEM) welcomed its first visitors in2019. It is <u>further</u> from the city centre than the old museum, but only two kilometres from the Pyramids at Giza, <u>It</u> has more space for valuable objects. More people can see them and it is able to look after the objects really well.

a. Answer the following questions:

1. Give a suitable title for this passage. ……..
2. What do you think of museums? …….
3. How old is the oldest museum? ……..

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

4. The word "further" is the opposite of.....
a. ancient b. nearer c. far d.open
5. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to.....
a. the city centre b.Giza c the old museum d. GEM
6. The museum is a place to keep.....on display.
a.designs b. pyramids c. treasures d. visitors

2.We don't know who made tea for the first time, but we have heard and read many stories about that **Nearly** five thousand years ago, the king of China boiled his drinking water under a tree. Some of the leaves fell into the pot When he drank the water, he liked the taste very much. He thought that the taste came from the leaves of the tree. People drink tea because they think it helps them stay awake for a long time. We all know that tea is grown in China and India. Many People like to drink tea with milk. Others like to have **it** with lemon when they feel tired. People usually have tea in the morning and after lunch.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Why do people drink tea?.....
2. When do people usually drink tea?.....
3.What does the underlined pronoun " it " refer to?.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4.The underlined word "Nearly'1 means.....
a) opposite b) almost c) nearby d) far
5. People usually drink tea with.....when they are tired
a) milk b) orange c) lemon d) leaves
6.Tea is grown in.....
a) Japan b) China c) India d) both b

3.Egypt has a lot of ancient and modern places to visit. The Cairo Tower is one of the most famous buildings in Cairo. It took five years to build. It opened in1961. It is 187 metres tall and stands next to the Nile on Gezira Island. There is a restaurant at the top . It moves, so you can see all of the city below you. There are 24 windows on each floor of the building. If you want to walk to the top, there are 2,500 stairs ! At night, the colours on the tower change. It is a wonderful building!

a. Answer the following questions:

1. Where does the Cairo tower stand ? ……..……..
2. How many windows are there on each floor ?…….……
3. What does the underlined word " it " refer to?. ……..……..

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

4. There are .....stairs
a) 2050 b)5.200 c) 1000 d) 2.500
5. The Cairo tower is .....
a. dangerous b.ugly c fantastic d. small
6. Building the tower started in.....
a) 1961 b)1916 c) 1950 d) 1956

4.Many tourists like to visit Egypt. They usually come to Egypt in winter. They love to enjoy the fine weather. They visit many places in Egypt such as the Cairo Tower, the Pyramids and the temples. They enjoy the wonderful weather of Luxor and Aswan in winter. They usually take photos of the ancient temples in Egypt and they buy many things as souvenirs to remind them of Egypt. Other tourists like the beautiful beaches in Egypt, so they like to come in summer. They like to visit Hurghada for its fantastic beaches.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. Which places do tourists come to see in Egypt?.....
2. Why do they usually go to Luxor and Aswan in winter?.....
3.What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?.....

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4.Tourists visit Luxor and Aswan in.....
a) summer b) spring c) fall d) winter
5.The underlined word "ancient" means very.....
a) new b)old c) near d) interesting
6. Tourists go to.....to enjoy the beaches there.
a) Aswan b) Luxor c) Hurghada d) Cairo

4--choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1 We walked under a big ..... before we entered the museum. WB
a) arch b)statue c) castle d) mosque
2. This building became ..... after an earthquake. WB
a) statues b) ruins c) castles d) mosques
3.There are more than 2,000.....in the museum.. WB
a) subjects b) projects c) parts d) objects
4.Heba is not interested .....playing tennis. WB
a) on b) in c) with d) to
5 We are proud of our.....handball team. They won the cup.
a) world b) modern c) ancient d) national
6 In the past, people built.....to watch their favourite sports.
a) museums b) mosques c) stadiums d) theatres
7 We bought a new house with a large.....
a) entrance b)wall c) ruin d) castle
8 Children must learn how to.....politely all the time.
a) treat b) behave c) do d) make
9 When I look out of my bedroom window, I have a beautiful....
a) location b) sight c)view d) review
10-They didn't complete this building at all. These.....are thousands of years old.
a) ruins b) arches c) entrances d) castles
11 This old castle.....to the Romans times.
a) gets b) dates c) goes d) jumps
12 When you travel to a historic place, you should.....a guide.
a) make b) get c) teach d) buy
13 Many people are interested.....watching football matches.
a) in b) at c) on d)onto
14 Students usually bring.....lunch with them on a trip.
a) bucket b) packet c) baked d)packed
15 This book is very interesting. I....it to you.
a) recommend b) advise c) tell d)say
16 The trip was.....It was amazing.
a) scary b) pleased c) awesome d) boring

17. We call something is.....when it is very old.
a) new b) modern c) patient d) ancient
18. People build.....to pray in.
a) statues b) ruins c) castles d) mosques
19.The museum is full of.....and many other historic objects.
a) theatres b) statues c) stadiums d) castles
20 Ancient Egyptians made pots and bowls of.....from the Nile.
a) metal b)wool c) clay d) water
21 Ancient Egyptians used.....for writing.
a) papyrus b) wood c) wool d)paper
22 A.....is a piece of metal used as money.
a) pot b) bowl c) can d)coin
23 Some boys wore.....on their faces to frighten girls.
a) shorts b) skirts c) masks d) shirts
24 My grandmother gave me a beautiful.....on my birthday which I can wear a round my neck.
a) ring b) watch c) jumper d) necklace
25 My mother wears two.....on her fingers. They are expensive.
a) rings b) watches c) scarfs d) necklaces
26 Bees and ants are small..... WB
a) animals b) birds c) insects d) turtles
27 People wear sunglasses to.....their eyes from the sun.
a) affect b) protect c) infect d) give
28 My father's mobile phone.....him a lot of money. It's very expensive.
a) cost b) paid c) bought d)sold
29There is a .....of flowers on the table next to my bed.
a) bottle b) vase c) bag d) glass
30 The shop is very crowded today. There are many.....
a) waiters b) customers c) sellers d) objects
31 We go to school every day.....holidays.
a) accept b) expect c) except d) aspect
32- There was a.....in our class about how we help the environment.
a)debate b) date c)carpet d) lamp
33.....is important for Egypt because it brings a lot of money and jobs.
a) Infection b) illness c) Pollution d) Tourism
34 We should protect our.....places because they are very important.
a) history b) historian c) geography d) historic
35)Some tourists are careless because they.....rubbish in historic places.
a) drop b) make c) lend d) mix
36) Some projects in the area help.....people to find jobs easily.
a) strange b) local c) historic d) natural
37) Some people think that tourists can.....important places.
a) attack b) attract c) damage d) debate
38) A.....is a period of 100 years.
a) month b) week c) decade d) century
39- I want to know what happened.....Hazem last night.
a)to b) in c) under d) at
40- My brother works in a big.....that organises holidays.
a) fort b) castle c) palace d) company
41-Muhammad Ali was the.....of Egypt in the past. He was the most important person.
a) ruler b) roller c) baker d) waiter
42. This chemical helps to keep .....mosquitos. WB
a) away b) by c) for d) in
43.A .....is a piece of equipment you can use to make or repair thing. WB
a) vase b) tap c) tool d) pot

44..A.....is a model of a person. WB
a) figure b) tap c) coin d) pot
45.Popele used bowls to.....ingredients.
a) repair b) mix c) do d) paint
46-.....are damaging many countries around the world.
a) wars b) weddings c) birthdays d) parties
47.There are .....schools for deaf people who cannot hear.
a) special b) tourist c) crowded d) ugly
48.Tourism is good .....our country
a) at b) with c) for d) to
49.I read an interesting .....about tourism in a magazine
a) debate b) report c) paper d) plan
50.You can see many .....in the museum
a) castles b) prayers c) statues d) arches

grammar

Must / mustn't

must يجب : تدل على وجوب فعل شئ فى الوقت الحاضر – اجبارى أو ضرورى

must + inf

✪ you must look right and left before you cross the road.
✪ They must arrive on time. .
✪We must be careful in the laboratory!

must = it is necessary/important to + inf ⇐ من الضرورى/المهم ان

هـــام

mustn't لا يجب : تدل على المنع أو التحريم او عدم وجوب فعل شى فى الحاضر

mustn't + inf

☒You mustn't talk in the library.
☒in a museum , you mustn't touch he objects .
☒We mustn't talk to each other in the lesson

السؤال Question:

عند تكوين السؤال ب ⇐ Yes / No نتبع الاتى :

must + تكملة الجملة + مصدر + فاعل ?

➔Must we put the rubbish in the bin ? √- Yes, you must √- No, you mustn't

The past continuous tense الماضى المستمر

١. التكوين Form:

١ـ في حالة الإثبات: يتكون الماضى المستمر من (فاعل + was/were + verb + ing)

➢They were watching TV yesterday evening.

٢ـ في حالة النفي: يتكون من

I , He , She, It → was not
We, You, They → weren't
} + (v + ing).

➢Jana wasn't making dinner. They weren't swimming

٣ـ في حالة السؤال: يتكون من

عند تكوين السؤال بهل نتبع الاتى :

Was + (I/he / she / It)+ v + ing ?
Were + (we/you / they)+ v + ing ?

E.g ➢ Was he/she (having lunch)? Yes, he/she was. No, he/she wasn't
➔ Were you watching TV ? yes, I was / No, I wasn't.
➔Did you watch TV last night? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

عند تكوين السؤال ب كلمة استفهام :

كلمة استفهام

Was + (I/he / she / It)+ v + ing ?
Were + (we/you / they)+ v + ing ?

✍- What were they doing at 5 yesterday? They were playing football

٢. الاستخدام Usage:

نستخدم الماضي المستمر

١-للتعبير عن حدث استمر لفترة في الماضي فى وقت معين

➢Tarek was eating dinner at noon yesterday.
They were studying English at 8 p.m last night

٢للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا عندما قطعه حدث آخر فى الماضى.

➢While/As I was having lunch , the phone rang
➢While (As/ Just as/ when) I was going home, I met one of my best friends.
➢When I returned home, mother was preparing lunch

٣. الكلمات الدالة Key words:

(all + morning, afternoon, evening, night, time), while بينما, as بينما, just as بينما, when عندما,
between 6 and 8 , at ...o'clock yesterday , at...o'clock last, The whole/all day yesterday طول اليوم امس

لاحظ استخدام الماضى المستمر والماضى البسيط مع (when/while/As)

While /As/ When	➔ ماضى مستمر	➔ماضى بسيط

e.g -While I was reading my book, the phone rang.
As/When we were walking into the museum , we saw some old statues

➔ ماضى بسيط	While /As/ When	➔ ماضى مستمر

my father arrived while my mother was cooking

➔ ماضى مستمر	When	➔ ماضى بسيط

my mother was cooking when my father arrived

1. You .....look right and left before you cross the road
a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) don't have to
2- You ..... drink water from the river. It's not clean.

a) doesn't have to b) have to c) has to d) mustn't
3 You.....turn the music up too loud; you will harm our ears.
a) doesn't have to b) have to c) has to d) mustn't
4) You.....do the housework. Our mother is ill.
a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d)have
s This was a nice evening. We must.....again.
a) meet b) meeting c)met d) to meet
e You.....brush your teeth three times a day. It's good for your teeth
a) have to b) don't have to c) mustn't d) must
7 You.....forget to do your homework regularly.
a) must to b) must c) mustn't to d) mustn't
0 You.....be kind to your friends.
a) mustn't b)must c) must never d) shouldn't
9 It's late. You.....never make so much noise.
a) mustn't b)must c) shouldn't d) don't
10 At school, you.....listen to your teacher.
a) have b) must c) mustn't d) has to
11.a You.....be home on time. Don't be late.
a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) don't have to
12.This is a valuable book. you.....keep it and mustn't lose it.
a) must b) mustn't c) shouldn't d) haven't
13- The telephone rang while Tamer.....doing his homework.
a) was b) is c) were d) are
14 Sanaa heard the noise.....she was watching a film.
a) if b) as c) so d) because
15 We were playing tennis when Tamer.....his ankle.
a) hurting b) hurt c) was hurting d) is hurting
16. Someone opened the door while I.....
a) was sleeping b) was slept c) sleeping d) slept
17.While I was looking out of the window, it.....to rain.
a) started b) was started c) was starting d) starting
18. As I.....for tomorrow's game, I fell down and hurt my leg.
a) practise b) practising c) practised d) was practising
19. When I was younger, I.....pizza almost every day.
a) eaten b) eat c) ate d) was eating
20.The boys didn't play because it.....
a) rained b) was raining c) rains d) raining
21.What.....at 10 pm last night?
a) were they doing b) did they do c) did they use to do d) are they doing
22. Yesterday, I ..... a play at 10 o'clock.
a. have watched b. was watching c. was watched d. watched
23. I was studying my lessons when the lights ..... out.
a. goes b. went c. were going d. gone
24. I ..... my lunch when the phone rang.
a. have eaten b. was eating c. has eaten d. ate
25) Last year, we.....to the beautiful city of Venice in Italy.
a. were travelling b. travel c. travelled d.travels
26.It started to rain while they.....home.
a) walking b) were walking c) walked d) walk
27. My father was watching TV when the phone.....
a) ring b)rung c)rang d) was ringing
28. When we sat down for a picnic, lots of runners .....through the park. WB
a) run b)was running c)ran d) were running
29 As Karim was taking photos of the animals, he .....his phone. WB
a) lost b)was losing c)loses d) losing

30 While Mona.....tennis, she hurt her arm. WB
a. plays b. played c. was playing d. were playing
31. I was doing my homework when my sister.....me. WB
a. was calling b. calls c. called d. calling
32. Lots of birds..... in the sky as we were sitting down on the beach WB
a. was flying b. flew c. fly d. were flying

5- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 You..... (mustn't)study hard if you want to pass your exams.
2 You mustn't..... (using) a mobile phone in class.
3 You mustn't..... (to forget) your bag and books.
4 Students and teachers must .....(are) polite to each other.
5.We must..... (to go) to the laboratory for our science lessons
6. People .....(must) throw rubbish in the street.
7 They..... (have) tea when the doorbell rang.
8 When he .....(arrive), we were having dinner.
9 While I .....(sweep) the floor , I heard a noise.
10.They..... (forget) their books yesterday.
11.It's a No parking area. you .....(must) park here.
12.I was doing my homework when my sister .....(call) me.
13. At four p.m. yesterday, I..... (do)my homework.
14.I was walking through the park when I..... (meet) Adel.
15.While I was texting my friends, the school bus..... (arrive).
16..During an exam, you..... (must)copy from the other students.
17. I .....(must) forget my wife's birthday, so I have to buy a card today.
18.When we sat down for a picnic, lots of runners .....(run)through the park
19.While Mona..... (play)tennis, she hurt her arm.

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

A historic place in Egypt

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

an ancient egyptian object

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Test on unit 3

1- Listen and choose the correct answer from a,b or c:

1- Where is Li shang from?

a. china c. India c. Egypt d. morocco

2. What does Li shang do after dinner?

a. homework b. watch TV c. help his brother d. go to bed

3. Does Li shang have a room for herself?

a. yes b. no c. we don't know d.maybe

4. How many people are in this family?

a. three b. four c. two c. five

2-Complete the following dialogue:

Samy : Do you know that the Egyptian football team won the Africa Cup of Nations?

Aya : That's great, but when (1)..... they win it?

Samy : The last time was (2)..... 2010.

Aya : Oh, no! That was many years ago.

Samy : Yes, but they (3)..... the cup three times one after the other.

Aya : I don't understand you. (4)..... do you mean?

Samy : I mean that Egypt won the cup in 2006, 2008 and 2010.

Aya : Wow! That was a great achievement!

Samy : You are right.

Aya : I'm (5)..... of the Egyptian football team.

3-Read the following , then answer the questions :

A long time ago, there was a young boy who used to come and play around a huge apple tree every day. He climbed the tree, ate the apples and took a nap under the shadow. He loved the tree and the tree loved to play with him. The boy got older and didn't play around it every day. Every time, when he came back, he was sad and didn't want to play with the tree. However, the tree was ready to do anything to make him happy. She gave him all the apples to sell them and buy toys. Then, she told him to cut her branches to build a house and at last, he took her trunk to build a boat and go sailing. Finally, he came back after many years but she told him that she had nothing left except her root. The man told her that he only wanted a place to rest. The man sat down and the tree was very happy.

A) Answer the following questions:

1. What did the boy use to do when he was young?

.....

2. Why did the tree give the boy all the apples?

.....

3. Do you think trees are useful? Why?

.....

01145495338 01033298299

B) Choose the correct answer:

4. The tree gave the boy her …… to build a boat.
a. apples b. branches c. trunk d. root
5. The main idea of the passage is to be …… .
a. careless b. helpful c. unkind d. sad
6.the underlined pronoun " her " refers to...
a. girl b. place c. tree d. man

4--choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- A..... helps people or animals that need help.
a.charity worker b.sports coach c.nuclear scientist d.fruit seller
2- When you are older, do you want to live in the city or the..... ?
a.side b.earth c.countryside d.continent
3- I always give money to a/an..... that helps poor children.
a.medicine b.library c.history d.charity
4- My uncle..... a fire fighter, but now he is a police officer.
a.used to be b.is c.uses to be d.were
5- She helped to look poor children in Egypt from 1920 to 1969.
a.for b.in c. from d.after
6- Where..... live before you moved to Alexandria?
a.are you b.do you c.you used to d.did you use to
7- Adam fell off his bike and had a big..... on his arm.
a.pump b.way c.infection d.cut
8- You should sport to keep healthy.
a.take b.make c.give d.do
9-.....you see the film about the earthquake on TV last night?
a.Did b.Do c.Will d.Were
10- This great charity helps children..... heart problems.
a.with b.in c.without d.for

5— Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. Tamer didn't…… (used)to study hard at school.
2. Yesterday, we…… (have) lunch in a big restaurant.
3. Where did you……(went) last night?
4. Did you visit the Pyramids when you…….. (are) young?

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

A person that you are proud of (your hero)

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

01145495338 01032982999

Test on unit 4

1- Listen and choose the correct answer from a,b or c:

1. Who first played this game ?
a) the Romans b) the English c) the Indians d) the ancient Egyptians
2. How old is this game?
a) 3500 b) 350 c) 3050 d) 3005
3. How many squares does this game have?
a) 13 b) 31 c) 30 d) 300
4.A : what did people who didn't have these boxes do ?
B: they drew squares on the.....
a) wall b) hill c) roof d) floor

2-Complete the following dialogue:

Amira .What do you think, Hana? Is tourism good for historic places?
Hana : Yes, I (1).....
Amira : Why do you think that?
Hana . Because tourists bring money to an area. This helps the local people.
Amira : 2.....think so.
Hana : Why not?
Amira : As a lot of money goes to big companies, not (3).....people.
Hana : Maybe, but some holiday companies help the environment and the local people.
Amira : I (4).....agree. Tourists drop rubbish and damage places.
Hana : I see what you (5)..... , but most tourists behave well.

3-Read the following , then answer the questions :

-The oldest museum in Cairo opened in 1835. There were more than160,000 of Egypt's most valuable treasures on display. However, the museum didn't have space for 100,000 other objects. In 2002, there was a competition to design a bigger and more modern museum. The competition had 1,575 designs from more than 80 different countries.
The Grand Egyptian Museum (GEM) welcomed its first visitors in2019. It is <u>further</u> from the city centre than the old museum, but only two kilometres from the Pyramids at Giza, <u>It</u> has more space for valuable objects. More people can see them and it is able to look after the objects really well.

a. Answer the following questions:

1. Give a suitable title for this passage. .....
2. What do you think of museums? .....
3. How old is the oldest museum? .....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

4. The word "further" is the opposite of.....
a. ancient b. nearer c. far d.open
5. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to.....
a. the city centre b.Giza c the old museum d. GEM
6. The museum is a place to keep.....on display.
a.designs b. pyramids c. treasures d. visitors

01145495338 01033298299

4--choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1- A/an.....can be entrance to another place.
a) arch b) wall c) ruin d) castle
2 you can watch a sports match at.....
a) museum b) library c)stadium d) castle
3 You can pray at a.....
a) museum b) mosque c)stadium d) castle
4.You can see..... in a museum.
a) prayers b) Castles c) Statues d) players
5 .....are not a complete building.
a) Ruins b) Castles c) Statues d) Arches
6 .....is something that is concerning history.
a) Historic b) Amazing c) Interesting d) Awesome
7 A.....is a person who can show you round a place.
a) cook b) waiter c) tourist d) guide
8 What.....the boys doing at 4 p.m yesterday?
a) did b) are c) have d) were
9 As I was running, I.....a nice bird.
a) am seeing b) see c) saw d)sees
10 .....you hear the bell while you were cooking?
a) Did b) Were c) Do d) have

5— Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 .During an exam, you…… (must) copy from the other students.
2. I ……(.must) forget my wife's birthday, so I have to buy a card today.
3. He was painting…….. (while) the phone rang.
4. What were you doing when I ……(phone)?

6-Write a paragraph of (90) words on

A historic place in Egypt

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

01145495338 01033298299